The Globe.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, Publishers. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXII. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 15, 1867. NO. 45.

TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
Three months.....50

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
One square, (10 lines,) or less,	$ 75	$1 25	$1 50
Two squares,	1 50	2 00	3 00
Three squares,	2 25	3 00	4 50

	3 months.	6 months.	12 months.
One square, or less,	$4 00	$6 00	$10 00
Two squares,	6 00	9 00	15 00
Three squares,	8 00	12 00	20 00
Four squares,	10 00	15 00	25 00
Half a column,	15 00	20 00	30 00
One column,	20 00	35 00	60 00

Professional and Business Cards not exceeding six lines, One year.....$5 00
Administrators' and Executors' Notices.....$2 50
Auditors' Notices.....2 00
Estray, or other short Notices.....1 50

☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are reasonably low.

AGUA DE MAGNOLIA.

A toilet delight. Superior to any cologne, used to bathe the face and person, to render the skin soft and fresh, to allay inflammation, to perfume clothing, for headache, &c. It is manufactured from the rich southern Magnolia, and is obtaining a patronage quite unprecedented. It is a favorite with actresses and opera singers. It is sold by all dealers, at $1,00 in large bottles, and by Demas Barnes & Co., New York, Wholesale Agents.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

S. T.---1860---X.

Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid fever, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try the celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS, which are now recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and must supersede all other tonics where a healthy, gentle stimulant is required.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.
They make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, wintergreen, sassafras, roots and herbs, all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix rum. For particulars, see circulars and testimonials around each bottle.

Beware of impostors. Examine every bottle. See that it has our private U. S. stamp unmutilated over the cork with plantation scene, and our signature on a fine steel plate side label. ☞See that our bottle is not refilled with spurious and deleterious stuff. ☞Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters by the gallon or in bulk, is an impostor. Any person imitating this bottle, or selling any other material therein, whether called Plantation Bitters or not, is a criminal under the U. S. Law, and will be so prosecuted by us. The demand for Drake's Plantation Bitters, from ladies, clergymen, merchants, &c., is incredible. The simple trial of a bottle is the evidence we present of their worth and superiority. They are sold by all respectable druggists, grocers, physicians, hotels, saloons, steamboats and country stores.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Have you a hurt child or a lame horse? Use the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For cuts, sprains, burns swellings and caked breasts, the Mexican Mustang Liniment is a certain cure.

For rheumatism, neuralgia, stiff joints, stings and bites, there is nothing like the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For spavined horses, the poll evil, ringbone and sweeny, the Mexican Mustang Liniment never fails.

For wind-galls, scratches, big-head and splint, the Mexican Mustang Liniment is worth its weight in gold.

Cuts, bruises, sprains and swellings, are so common and certain to occur in every family, that a bottle of this Liniment is the best investment that can be made.

It is more certain than the doctor—it saves time in sending for the doctor—it is cheaper than the doctor, and should never be dispensed with.

"In lifting the kettle from the fire, it tipped over and scalded my hands terribly. * * * The Mustang Liniment extracted the pain, caused the sore to heal rapidly, and left very little scar.

CHAS. FOSTER, 420 Broad street, Philada.

Mr. S. Litch, of Hyde Park, Vt., writes: "My horse was considered worthless, (spavin,) but since the use of the Mustang Liniment, I have sold him for $150. Your Liniment is doing wonders up here."

All genuine is wrapped in steel plate engravings, signed, G. W. Westbrook, Chemist, and also has the private U. S. stamp of Demas Barnes & Co., over the top.

Look closely, and be not deceived by counterfeits.

Sold by all Druggists at 25, 50 cts, and $1,00.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It eradicates scurf and dandruff.
It keeps the head cool and clean.
It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy.
It prevents the hair turning gray and falling off.
It restores hair upon prematurely bald heads.

This is just what Lyon's Kathairon will do. It is pretty—it is cheap—durable. It is literally sold by the carload, and yet its almost incredible demand is daily increasing, until there is hardly a country store that does not keep it, or a family that does not use it.

E. THOMAS LYON, Chemist, N. Y.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Who would not be beautiful? Who would not add to their beauty? What gives that marble purity and *distingue* appearance we observe upon the stage and in the city belle? It is no longer a secret. They use Hagan's Magnolia Balm. Its continued use removes tan, freckles, pimples, and roughness, from the face and hands, and leaves the complexion smooth, transparent, blooming and ravishing. Unlike many cosmetics, it contains no material injurious to the skin. Any Druggist will order it for you, if not on hand, at 50 cents per bottle.

W. E. HAGAN, Troy, N. Y. Chemist.

Demas Barnes & Co., Wholesale Agents, N. Y

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Helmstreet's inimitable Hair Coloring is not a dye. All instantaneous dyes are composed of *lunar caustic*, and more or less destroy the vitality and beauty of the hair. This is the original Hair Coloring, and has been growing in favor over twenty years. It restores gray hair to its original color by gradual absorption, in a most remarkable manner. It is also a beautiful hair dressing. Sold in two sizes—50 cents and $1—by all dealers.

C. HELMSTREET, Chemist,

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

LYON'S EXTRACT OF PURE JAMAICA GINGER—for Indigestion, Nausea, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Cholera Morbus, Flatulency, &c., where a warming stimulant is required. Its careful preparation and entire purity make it a cheap and reliable article for culinary purposes. Sold everywhere, at 50 cents per bottle. Ask for "LYON'S" Pure Extract. Take no other.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

july11, 1866-cowly

☞All the above articles for sale by JOHN READ and S. F. SMITH, Huntingdon, Penna.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

DR. R. R. WIESTLING most respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity.
Office that of the late Dr. Snare. mch13-1y*

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH,
Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community.
Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Luden on Hill street. ap19,1866

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '55.

R. ALLISON MILLER,
DENTIST,
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House. April 13, 1859.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.
Office removed to opposite the Franklin House in the old bank building, Hill street, Huntingdon. April 10, 1866.

WASHINGTON HOTEL.

The undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Huntingdon county and the traveling public generally that they have leased the Washington House on the corner of Hill and Charles street, in the borough of Huntingdon, and are prepared to accommodate all who may favor them with a call. Will be pleased to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
LETTERMAN & PETERS.
May 1, '67-tf.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

THE subscribers having leased this Hotel, lately occupied by Mr. McNulty, are prepared to accommodate strangers, travelers, and citizens in good style. Every effort shall be made on our part to make all who stop with us feel at home. AULTZ & FEE,
may2,1866 Proprietors.

MORRISON HOUSE,
Huntingdon, Pa.

I HAVE purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public. The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are all entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.

☞I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON.
May 16, 1866-tf.

WM. B. ZIEGLER,
AGENT OF THE
Lycoming Mutual Insurance Company.
Huntingdon, May 8, 1867-6m

A. C. CLARKE, AGENT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
SEGARS & TOBACCO,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Next door to the Franklin House, in the Diamond.
Country trade supplied. ap17'67

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

AARON STEWARD,
WATCHMAKER, Successor to Geo. W. Swartz, Has opened at his old stand on Hill street, opposite Brown's hardware store, a stock of all kinds of goods belonging to the trade.
Watch and Clock Repairing promptly attended to by practical workmen.
Huntingdon, April 10-6m

K. ALLEN LOVELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention will be given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Military and other claims of soldiers and their heirs against the State or Government collected without delay.
OFFICE—In the Brick Row, opposite the Court House
jan.1.1867

MILTON S. LYTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government collected without delay. ap12'66

R. McMURTRIE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office on Hill street. HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention will be given to the prosecution of the claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs, against the Government. au22,1866

J. W MATTERN. WILLIAM A. SIPE.
MATTERN & SIPE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
AND
LICENSED CLAIM AGENTS,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Office on Hill street.
Soldiers Claims against the Government for Back Pay Bounty, Widows' and Invalids' Pensions attended to with great care and promptness. my29-1y

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,
under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.
May 17, 1865-tf.

A. W. BENEDICT. J. SEWELL STEWART. P. M. LYTLE.

THE firm of Benedict & Stewart has been changed to
BENEDICT, STEWART & LYTLE,
under which name they will hereafter practice as
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
They will also give careful attention to the collection of military and other Claims against the State or Government.
Office formerly occupied by J. Sewell Stewart, adjoining the Court House. feb6,1866

ACENCY,
FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to
W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.
August 12, 1868.

JOHN BARE, W. H. WOODS, P. M. BARE, W. P. M'LAUGHLIN
JOHN BARE, & CO., Bankers,
Huntingdon, Pa.
Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers & others. Interest allowed on Deposits. All kinds of Securities, bought and sold for the usual commission. Special attention given to Government Securities. Collections made on all points.
Persons depositing Gold and Silver will receive the same in return with interest.
Oct. 17, 1866-tf.

HAMS. HAMS.
Plain and canvas sugar cured Hams—the best in market—whole or sliced, for sale at
Lewis' Family Grocery.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON ARE selling off at greatly reduced prices.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

LIFE'S VOYAGE.

Life is full of cares and troubles,
Scarce a bright and sunny spot;
Not a place within its wildwood,
Where a shadow pierces not;
Not a bright and dancing streamlet
Undisturbed by rock or shoal;
Not a barque that glides on smoothly
With its freight, a precious soul.

Not a flower but that is hiding
Many a thorn whose sting is deep;
Not a valley where the lillies
Withered not by storm winds sleep:
There may be a bright oasis,
One small island ever green;
Soon we sweep past flowery shores
Which by us no more are seen.

Though the willows kiss the water,
On our barque is gliding still,
Past the bright and sunny bower,
Hastening on against our will;
Though we grasp the slender reedlets
Growing on the shell-lined beach,
Soon the breakers sweep us from them;
Toss their heads beyond our reach.

Yet we know there is a harbor
In the far-off distant land,
Where we'll anchor safely, surely,
When we reach the sunny strand;
There's a father waiting for us,
Opening wide his loving arms;
Soon will we be sheltered in them,
Safe from earth's deluding charms.

Idleness.

Idleness is the nurse of all vices. It moves so slowly that they all overtake it. The Germans and the Italians say, proverbially, that "idleness is the devil's pillows." Some affect to excuse this hydra-headed habit by asking what harm can a person do when he does nothing? The reply is ready and plain. He who is passive in allowing decay is himself a destroyer. While standing still and refusing to help he obstructs the progress of others. We are told in Holy Writ: "By much slothfulness the building decayeth, and through idleness of the hands the house droppeth through." And again it is said: "I went to the field of the slothful and by the vineyard of the man void of understanding, and lo! it was all overgrown with thorns, and nettles had covered the face thereof, and the stone wall thereof was broken down." The words of Cato, the elder, are in the proverb, "that one who does nothing learns to do evil." Idleness has been well described to be a moral leprosy, which soon eats its way into the heart and corrodes our happiness, while it undermines our health. Idleness is costly, without being a luxury. Montaigne always wound up the year's account of his expenses with the following entry: "Item—for my abominable habit of idleness, a thousand livres." We toil for leisure only to discover, when we have succeeded in our object, that leisure is a great evil. How quickly would the working class be reconciled to what they may call the hardships of compulsory occupation, if they were doomed only for a short time to the greater hardships of compulsory idleness. They would quickly find that it is much better to wear out than to rust out. The idle man is at the mercy of all the vices. The working man, on the contrary, finds a safeguard in his occupation, which leaves no time for temptations nor desire to yield to them. It was well said, by the oldest of the Greek poets, that "the laborer is the sentinel of virtue."

MRS. GRUNDY SPOILS OUR GIRLS.—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, who, by the way, is a good teacher, gives some good advice about the girls, and it is a pity his advice could not be heeded. By-and-by there will be no girls and children; they will all be women from ten to twenty years old. Mr. Beecher says:

"A girl is not allowed to be a girl after she is ten years old. If you treat her as though she was one she will ask you what you mean. If she starts to run across the street, she is brought back to the nursery to listen to a lecture on the propriety of womanhood. Now it seems to me that a girl should be nothing but a girl until she is seventeen. Of course there are proprieties belonging to her sex which it is fitting for her to observe, but it seems to me that, aside from these, she ought to have the utmost latitude. She ought to be encouraged to do much out of doors—to run and exercise in all those ways which are calculated to develop the muscular frame. What is true of boys in the matter of bodily health, is eminently so of girls. It is all important that woman should be healthy and well developed. Man votes, writes, does business, etc., but woman is the teacher and the mother of the world; and anything that deteriorates woman is a comprehensive plague on life itself. Health among women is a thing that every man, who is wise and considerate for his race, should more earnestly seek and promote."

☞The world is crazy for show. There is not one person in a thousand who dares fall back on his real, simple self, for power to get through the world, and exact enjoyment as he goes along. There is too much living in the eyes of other people. There is no end to the aping, the mimicry, the false airs and the superficial airs. It requires rare courage, we admit, to live up to one's enlightened convictions in these days. Unless you consent to join in the general cheat, there is no room for you among the great mob of pretenders. If a man dares to live within his means, and is resolute in his purpose not to appear more than he really is, let him be applauded. There is something fresh and invigorating in such an example, and we should honor and uphold such a man with all the energy in our power.

Beware of Pickpockets.

A RAILROAD STORY.

"Beware of pickpockets, Joshua," said Joshua Harker's mother to her grown up son, when that interesting youth was about starting to visit his aunt Betsy Baker, who lived seventy-five miles off, in the village of Grayburg.

"Yes'm," responded Joshua dutifully, "I'll keep my eyes peeled for 'em. Guess if they ketch this child nappin', they'll rise earlier than they're used to."

"That's right, my lad; I allers knowed that you was the smartest of the family, Joshua, but I guess when you come to go about to see things you'll turn out to be smarter'n ever I tho't. There's the keers comin' now. Look out, and hold on to your valise!—And don't forget to be careful of your father's watch, and don't smoke no cigars, nor drink no water without lookin' into it, kase there was a woman, I've hearn Betsy tell about, out there, drinkt a live snake! And do try and not dirty more'n two dickeys a week; it'll make such hard washin for your aunt, and she's got the rumatiz, you know!—Now look out for your pocket book! Tell Betsy to send me that receto for colorin blue, and makin that quince sass—and—lordy! here they be!" and with a kiss that made the very locomotive give a snort of amazement, Mrs. Harker tore herself away.

Joshua seated himself in the very middle of the car—he had heard it said that there was less danger there, and holding the valise on his lap, he put one hand on his watch and the other on his pocket book, and mentally defied pickpockets. He had heard so much about their doings in the cars, that he thought it was impossible to use too much precaution.

At the next station they took on a very pretty but decidedly nervous young lady in a blue bonnet and pink dress. She passed beside Joshua and asked timidly—

"Is this seat engaged?"

"No, not that I know of," stammered Joshua, blushing up to his hair. "Want to set down?"

"Thank you," and she sat down so gracefully that her expansive crinoline spread entirely over Joshua's knees and valise, and completely enveloped our hero in an avalanche of flounces, shawl fringe, &c.

Both of the young people seemed very much frightened. Joshua began to finger his pocket book nervously, shifting it from his pocket to his coat, from thence to his vest, and finally deposited it in his hat, wishing at the same time that he could drop it in his boot.

The young lady fidgeted, and eyed her companion askance—pulling her bonnet strings, and clutched the handle of her reticule. But after a little while both seemed to get easier and Joshua screwed up courage enough to say something.

"Fine day, marm."

"Yes rather cold, though."

"That's a fact. Cooler than it was yesterday."

"Yes sir, but not quite so cool as it was last winter."

"No, siree! Terrible cold Friday last winter, wasn't there?"

"Awful. Was you out any?"

"Out! I rather guess I was out in a spruce swamp driving old Buck and Broad all day!—Golly how the frost stood on 'em."

"Yes, I thinks likely."

A dead silence. At last with a desperate effort at sociability, Joshua asked the lady.

"Going fur?"

"To Graybu'g?"

"You hain't! So be I. Quite a contingency, haint it?"

They were beginning to get better acquainted with each other. Joshua now took his hand away from his watch and put it round the back of the seat.

"Going to stay there long, Miss?"

"A week, I guess."

"Be you! About as long as I be," responded Joshua, letting his hand rest on the back of her shawl, and feeling very much as when Deacon Jones caught him robbing his pear tree. The young lady drew back.

"Law, you mustn't do so, sir. It aint proper."

"I'd like to know what's to hender," said Joshua boldly.

"Why the folks will see us," said the lady.

"Who keers," said Joshua. "I'm twenty-one years old. I've got my father's watch in my pocket and ten dollars besides! And, forgetting he had deposited his wallet in his hat, he felt for it in his pocket.

"Jerusalem!" roared Joshua, springing to his feet in terrible dismay, "taint there! I've been robbed! It's gone! somebody's committed arson to my person and pocket! Joshua glared at the young lady by his side, who was now getting as excited as he was himself, and was busy feeling first in one pocket and then in her reticule.

"You've got it!" thundered he. "I ort to have knowed you wasn't respectable! I've heern marm say a hundred times that no decent woman wore one of them waterfalls. You got it while I was buggin you. I had no business to hug another gal when I'm keepin' company with Peggy Ann! Ten dollars that father got for brindle calf! Hand it over, or by scissors I'll search ye if ye be a woman!"

The young lady sprang up—her face red and her eyes bluzing—she too had read the newspapers and heard of pickpockets.

An angry man is a fearful sight, but can't compare with an angry woman. And this one was raging. She brandished her parasol in one hand and her reticule in the other.

"You've stolen my portmonie," said she. You've taken advantage of an innocent, unprotected female and played the part of a pickpocket! I might a' known that you was one! I've heern say they allers had red noses. Conductor! here! here! This white eyed rascal has got my portmonie and Joe's miniature—and he hugged me—and he's got my pocket handkerchief—oh, dear! dear! I wish I had stayed to hum."

"Don't believe a word she says!" cried Josh. "She's lyin.' She's the one that's been stealin. She picked my pocket of everything there was in it, everything but my father's watch and a plug of tobacker, come search her. Dear suz! I'm ashamed of myself! I was so startled that I couldn't cut my own fodder, and mind my P's and Q's. How I wish marm was here—she'd know just what to do, I'll see it I can't do something," and he began to climb over the seat.

The girl seized him by the coat tail.

"No you don't!" screamed she, "not by a long chalk! You think you're gettin off with my things do you! I'll let you know to the contrary! You'll wish your cake dough if you don't deliver up my portmonie. Stop him, some of you—he's goin' to jump off the car with my valuables, an' I'll die if he shall. Con-duc-tor! he's got Joe's miniature! Do stop him!"

By this time the whole car load of passengers were aroused to the condition of things, and as is natural in such things, there was a division of opinion. Some took sides with the woman and some with Josh.

Joshua's senses began to be slightly muddled. A half score of people were heading him off, and that terrible young lady in a pink dress was clinging to his coat skirts, and his pocket book was gone. He felt desperate.

"Stand aside, every one of you," he cried to the passengers before him, and just then the cars gave a lurch, as they are in the habit of doing, and Josh went head first against the stomach of a fat woman who had risen to see what was the matter.

The woman went over, Josh went, so did the young lady in pink, and the whole crowd fell on a seat where a very loving young couple and a lap dog were reposing. The seat was squelched, so were the lovers and the dog, and the cry arose faster and faster, "A collision! there's a collision!"

Everybody sprang to their feet and seized their carpet bags, and the comedy might have become a tragedy, if the conductor had not just then appeared and restored order. He shook Joshua and ordered the young woman to sit down and behave herself.

Josh took off his hat to scratch his head, and lo! out dropped his pocket book. Our hero flung up both his hands in ecstasy. "Hooray, it's found! Hail Columby, aint I glad!"

And about the same time the conductor picked up a nondescrit looking bag from the floor. The young lady in pink rushed forward, and seizing it exclaimed, "My pocket! my pocket! It must have slipped off. O haint I glad! And Joe's pictur all hunk."

"Let's shake hands," said Joshua, approaching her, "I hain't a pickpocket and you haint a pickpocket, and by golly I'll have a kiss."

And he did.

A LITTLE QUAKERESS IN A HURRY.—An amusing matrimonial story is told of the olden time in England. It so fell out that two young people became attached to each other, as young people sometimes do. The young woman's father was a wealthy Quaker, the young man was "poor but respectable." The father could stand no such union, and resolutely opposed it, and the daughter dared not disobey openly. She met him by moonlight, while she pretended never to see him, and she pined and wasted in spite of herself. She was really in love—a state of sighs and tears which women oftenor reach in imagination than reality. So the father remained inexorable. Time passed on, and the rose on Mary's damask cheek passed off. She let not concealment, like a worm in the bud, prey on that damask cheek, however; but when her father asked her why she pined, she always told him. The old gentleman was a widower, and loved his girl dearly. Had it been a widowed mother who had Mary in charge, a woman's pride never would have given away before the importunities of a daughter. Men are not, however, so stubborn in such matters, and when the father saw that the daughter's heart was really set upon the match, he surprised her one day by breaking out: "Mary, rather than mope to death, thou hadst better marry as thee chooses, and when thee pleases."

And what did Mary? Wait till the birds of the air had told her swain of the charge, or till her father had time to change his mind? Not a bit of it. She clapped her neat, plain bonnet on her head, walked directly into the street, and then as directly to the house of her intended as the street could carry her. She walked into the house without knocking—for knocking was not fashionable then—and she found the family just sitting to dinner. Some little commotion was exhibited at so unexpected an apparition as an heiress in the widow's cottage, but she heeded it not. John looked up inquiringly. She walked to him and took his hand in hers. "John," said she, "father says I may have thee." And John got directly up from the dinner table and went to the parson's. In just twenty-four minutes they were man and wife.

"Do you think me guilty of falsehood?" asked Mr. Knott, of a gentleman he was addressing. "Sir," said the gentleman, "I must render a verdict of Knott guilty."

TALKING FINE.—Ludicrous blunders sometimes occur in cases where ignorant persons attempt the use of language about the meaning they know nothing.

Not long since, while travelling from Pittsburgh to Cincinnati, two rather verdant specimens of the female sex came on board the boat at one of the landings, who for the sake of distinction, we will call Mary and Jane.

Now, Mary had her eye teeth cut, or, in other words, was acquainted with the rules and regulations which govern genteel society. Jane, the younger, had never mixed in society to any extent. Her language was such as she had heard among her rustic associates. Mary was aware of this fact, and therefore cautioned her to observe how she (Mary) acted, and govern herself accordingly.

Shortly after, while seated at the dinner table, the waiter asked Mary what part of the fowl she would have? She informed him in a very polite manner, that it was "perfectly immaterial." He accordingly gave her a piece, and then inquired of Jane what part she would prefer?

"I believe I will take a piece of the *immaterial* too!"

The scene that followed this declaration is beyond the power of the pen to describe. The assembled company were obliged to give a spontaneous vent to their surcharged feelings in peals of boisterous laughter; whilst the poor girl, her face suffused with crimson blushes, left the table, declaring, as she left the cabin;" "They won't ketch me on one of these pesky steamboats any more."

A STORY FOR SWEARERS.—A gentleman once heard a laboring man swear dreadfully in the presence of a number of his companions. He told him it was a cowardly thing to swear so in company, when he dared not do it by himself. The man said he was not afraid to swear at any time or place.

"I'll give you ten dollars," said the gentleman, "If you will go into the village churchyard, at twelve o'clock to-night, and swear the same oaths which you have uttered here, when you are alone with your God."

"Agreed," said the man, "its an easy way of earning ten dollars."

"Well you come to me to morrow, and say you have done it, and the money is yours."

The time passed on; midnight came. The man went to the graveyard. It was a night of pitchy darkness. As he entered the graveyard not a sound was heard; all was still as death. Then the gentleman's words, "alone with God," came over him with a wonderful power. The thought of the wickedness he had committed, and what he had come there to do, darted through his mind like a flash of lightning. He trembled at his folly. Afraid to take another step he fell on his knees, and instead of the dreadful oaths he came to utter, the earnest cry went up, "God be merciful to me a sinner!"

The next day he went to the gentleman, and thanked him for what he had done, and said he had resolved not to swear another oath as long as he lived.—*Harpers Weekly.*

BEAUTIFUL LESSON.—Some time ago a boy was discovered in the street, evidently intelligent, but sick. A man who had the feeling of kindness strongly developed, went to ask him what he was doing there.

"Waiting for God to come to me."

"What do you mean?" said the gentleman, touched by the pathetic tone of the answer of the boy, in whose eyes and flushed face he saw the evidence of fever.

"God sent for mother and father and little brother, and took them away to his home up in the sky; and mother told me when she was sick, that God would take care of me. I have no home, nobody to give me anything, and so I came out here, and have been looking so long up in the sky for God to come and take care of me, as mother said he would. He will come, won't he? Mother never told a lie."

"Yes, my lad," said the man, overcome with emotion; "he has sent me to take care of you."

You should have seen his eyes flash, and the smile of triumph break over face as he said:

"Mother never told me a lie, sir; but you have been so long on the way."

What a lesson of truth! and how this incident shows the effect of never deceiving children with tales.

FORTY-EIGHT HOURS IN A DAY.—"We propose now to show," says the *Scientific American*, "that Monday, or any other week day, is forty-eight hours long; we mean that, during the whole of forty eight hours, Monday is on the earth some where to be found. The Monday of this city is, of course, twenty-four hours long, but before and after our Monday there is Monday in some other quarter. When Monday begins in New York there have been three hours of Monday in London, and for three hours after our Monday ends there will be Monday in San Francisco. Thus, between these places Monday lasts eighteen hours. Now, if the daily line were at our antipodes, Monday would begin there twelve hours before ours and end twelve hours after ours. Thus, for the space of forty-eight hours the earth is not rid of Monday. The fact may be illustrated in another way. Suppose we are at the day line. Monday begins there, and in twenty-four hours, along comes Tuesday. But just west, [half an inch if you please,] Monday began only an instant before it ended east of the line. The Monday east of the line is twenty four hours long, and west of the line is the same length, and, in all, Monday lasts forty-eight hours."

HE that is studious will improve.

THE GLOBE
JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS,
BALL TICKETS,
CARDS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK, LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

Temperance Topics.

A Terrible Bedfellow.

I looked at my neighbor with considerable curiosity. His face indicted a man of not over thirty years—a period at which men are still young, but his hair was as white as fresh fallen snow. One seldom sees even on the heads of the oldest men, hair of such immaculate whiteness. He sat by my side in a car of the Great Western Railroad, in Canada, and was looking out at the window. Suddenly turning his head he caught me in the act of staring at him—a rudeness of which I was ashamed. I was about to say some words of apology, when he quietly remarked:

"Don't mention it, sir; I'm used to it."

The frankness of this observation pleased me, and in a very little while we were conversing on terms of familiar acquaintanceship, and before long he had told me the whole story.

"I was a soldier in the army of India," said he, "and as is often the case with soldiers I was a little too fond of good liquor. One day I got drunk and was shut up in a black hole for it. I slumped down upon the floor of the dungeon, and I was dropping off to sleep, when I felt a cold, slimy shape crawling across my right hand as it lay stretched out above my head on the floor. I knew at once that it was a snake! Of course my first impulse was to draw away my hand, but knowing if I did so the poisonous reptile would probably strike its fangs into me, I lay still with my heart beating in my breast like a trip hammer. Of course my fright sobered me instantly. I realized all my peril in its fullest extent. O, how I lamented the hour that I had touched liquor! In every glass of liquor they say there is a serpent; but it does not come to everybody in the shape it came to me. With a slow, undulating motion the reptile dragged its carcass across my face, inch by inch, and crept down over my breast, and thrust its head inside my jacket. As I felt the hideous scraping of the slimy body over my cheeks it was only by the most tremendous effort that I succeeded in restraining myself from yelling loudly with mingled terror and disgust. At last I felt the tail wriggling down towards my chin; but imagine what I felt at heart, if you can imagine it, as I realized that the dreadful creature had coiled itself up under my jacket as I lay and had seemingly gone to sleep, for it was still as death. Evidently it had no idea that I was a human creature; if it had it would not have acted in this manner. All snakes are cowardly, and they will not approach a man unless to strike him in self defense. Three hours I lay with that dreadful weight in my bosom, and each minute was like an hour to me—like a year! I seemed to have lived a life time in that brief space. Every incident of my life passed across my mind in rapid succession, as they say is the case with drowning men. I thought of my mother, away in old England; my happy home by the borders of the Avon; my Mary, the girl I loved, and never expected to see them more. For no matter how long I bore this, I felt that it would end in death at last. I lay as rigid as a corpse, scarcely daring even to breathe, and all the time my breast was growing colder and colder where the snake lay against it, with nothing but a thin cotton shirt between my skin and its. I knew if I stirred, it would strike; but I felt I could not bear this much longer. If I succeeded in lying still until the guard came, I expected that his opening the door and coming in would be my death warrant all the same; for no doubt the reptile would see that I was a man, as soon as the light should be let in at the door. At last I heard footsteps approaching. There was a rattling in the lock. It was the guard. He opened the door. The snake—a *cobra di capello* I now saw—darted up its huge hooded head, with the hideous rings around its eyes, as if about to strike. I shut my eyes, and murmured a short prayer. Then it glided away with a swift motion, and disappeared in the darkness. I staggered to my feet, and feel swooning into the arms of the guard. For weeks after I was very sick; and when I was able to be about, I found my hair was white as you now see it. I have never touched a drop of liquor since.—*Wm. Wirt Sikes.*

THE RAINING TREE.—The island of Fierro is one of the largest in the Canary Group, and it has received its name on account of its ironbound soil, through which no river or stream flows. It has also but very few wells, and these not very good. But the great Preserver and Sustainer of all remedies this inconvenience in a way so extraordinary, that man will be forced to acknowledge that He gives in this an undeniable demonstration of His wonderful goodness. In the midst of the island there grows a tree, the leaves of which are long and narrow, and continues in constant verdure winter and summer, and the branches are covered with a cloud which is never dispelled, but, revolving itself into a moisture, causes to fall from its leaves a very clear water, in such abundance that cisterns placed at its foot to receive it are never empty.

☞Mr. Horace Greeley is well known to have been from his early years a strictly temperance man in everything, although it is said that he has lately begun to drink tea. But the extent of his abstemiousness has never been adequately known, for the New York correspondent to the Rochester *Democrat* mentions the Temperance House, 63 Barclay street, where, in his early days of journalism, "Mr. Greeley took in wood and water."

The Globe.

Wednesday morning, May 15, 1867.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, } Editors.

"I know of no mode in which a loyal citizen may so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the Flag the Constitution and the Union, under all circumstances, and UNDER EVERY ADMINISTRATION REGARDLESS OF PARTY POLITICS, AGAINST ALL ASSAILANTS, AT HOME AND ABROAD."—STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

☞Over one hundred leading manufacturers from different parts of the country, attended the tariff meeting at the Astor House, N. Y., on the 8th instant. It was resolved to commence a vigorous campaign in favor of the protection of American Labor in all parts of the United States.

IMPARTIAL SUFFRAGE.—The Lancaster *Inquirer*, a thorough Republican paper, says:

"Let the Republicans of Pennsylvania in their approaching State Convention, come out boldly and unreservedly in favor of Impartial Suffrage as embodied in the Reconstruction bill, as sustained by the party in Congress, and as advocated by all the loyal men of the South."

We have no doubt this will be the issue the next campaign. True, there are many Republicans who would not advise such a platform, but the more "progressive" of the party feel that *they* are inconsistent in voting any thing less than an impartial suffrage ticket; because their *leaders* have forced negro suffrage on the South.

The Right of Free Speech.

America is a nation blessed with the privilege of free speech; but we have serious doubts whether the right of free speech should be exercised to an indiscriminate usage. We are unqualifiedly in favor of a man holding a different opinion, and we respect him if he reasons his position in a gentlemanly and becoming manner. But there are bounds to free speech, which we consider eminently unsafe to overreach. There is the angry ebullition of sentiment, which, while it often results in the creation of ill-feeling between the disputants, always marks the man as one who cannot control his temper, but allows it to carry him away into undue excesses. There is also the abusive freedom, which some make use of, which brings into disrepute men of distinction, and which may be properly called slander. This form of free speech we never like to listen to, and many turn away in disgust from the speaker making use of it.

But of all the improper kinds of free speech that may be mentioned, there is one in particular that we have been led to consider from two important events that have recently transpired—one of them in New York and the other in Richmond. In the former city, it appears that the laboring people have been aroused to indignation by sundry politicians in the interest of liquor dealers, against the political authorities for executing the provisions of the Excise Law, recently passed. So indignant have the ignorant masses become (for we believe that it is only the ignorant that can be thus influenced) that they are organizing and preparing for riots. The speakers in addressing the people assembled use the most hostile and bitter language, and allude to past riots in that city with evident relish, as though they regarded them as triumphs, and the natural result is that the meetings have been wild and frenzied in their denunciations and threats of vengeance.

The event in Richmond bears a more serious aspect than the former. Here the mob was really organized, and executed its objects in part. In Richmond it appears the ignorant black population have been made indignant against the whites by politicians using the *blessing* of free speech to a great disadvantage, and bloody results might have followed this first outbreak had not the military interfered. This kind of free speech we are unequivocally opposed to, and think it necessary that measures be enforced to prevent its recurrence. Inflammatory appeals to a mass of uneducated hearers can have no other effect than an injurious one, as they often result in disturbances of the public peace that are shocking in the extreme. All riots may be traced to this one cause, as the ringleaders are those who address their followers publicly and exasperate them against those upon whom their spleen is vent. We see that proper measures have been taken in New York to bring the speakers to punishment, if a disturbance does ensue. The detectives have attended the meetings and marked the ringleaders, and ascertained their names and residences, and keep a strict watch upon their daily movements. This plan would work well; but we believe that a man who is guilty of making an inflammatory harangue should be at once arrested and justly punished, to avoid a repetition. A man who cannot talk reasonably, argue forcibly, and reason calmly, should never address a public meeting; because he is considered a fool in the eyes of sensible men, and is sometimes laughed at by the ignorant; while a man who uses bitter and hostile language to an excited crowd should be punished with severity.

☞Jeff Davis has been released till the 4th of November next, on bail.

The Riot in Richmond.

The late riot in Richmond, in which the negroes took a prominent part, gave us a sufficient evidence of what we may expect from that class of people in the future. It appears that any offence given to one member of that peculiar brotherhood will be resented in common. The affair in Richmond sprung from a trivial circumstance between two individuals, one a white man, the other a black. The white man felt insulted by a remark of the black and thereupon struck him. The negro retaliated, when both were arrested by the police, as they should have been. But the mass of negroes which had gathered around the combatants at once interfered to prevent the civil authorities in the execution of their duties; and endeavored to liberate the black man from the officers. They succeeded, and three successive times that the culprit was caught was he freed by the overpowering number of excited colored men. This is the state of affairs in the South, as far as the colored people are concerned. The cause has been attributed, and we think truly, to politicians, who are teaching the negroes the mode of "self-government." What has transpired in Richmond, may be considered the criterion to judge the South; for the same elements are working to excite the negroes, in all its borders. And the result is nothing more than might have been anticipated, and if it finally ends in a war of the two races, it will be the direct effect of the teachings of politicians, now seeking to obtain the votes of the negro by implanting a hatred between them and their former masters. The negroes are now being to taught *hate* the white man, as much as they were before led to *fear* him. The consequences of hate will sooner or later make themselves apparent in blood-shed and perhaps annihilation of the colored race.

The utmost precaution was necessary on the part of the civil authorities in Richmond to prevent blood shed, for if one shot had been fired, the already exasperated negroes would have retaliated with all the venom and savageness of their nature. To suppress the mob, the military had to be called out, who at the point of the bayonet scattered them. The negroes are highly offended at this conduct of the military and vow vengeance against the regiment stationed there.

If this is the beginning, what will the end be? We may expect a repetition of the massacres of New Orleans and Memphis, if rabid politicians continue to exasperate them against the whites. The giving the negroes the right to vote, we believe, has caused the disturbance; and better, far better, would it have been had they been let alone for the present. A politician seeks to gain their votes by arousing them against their former masters; and so long as hate and malice hold sway over the colored people, so long may we expect trouble and perhaps bloodshed.

JEFF. DAVIS TO BE TRIED AT LAST.—Preparations are making for the trial of Jeff. Davis. Chief Justice Chase is expected to hold the trial at Richmond. Jeff. has been taken to Richmond, and it is thought that the trial will not be delayed. That this man should be kept confined for over two years awaiting trial has exercised the thoughts of many who wished to see justice done the criminal; but it the period was taken up in hunting evidence then we cannot complain. But of this we have no certainty. Who is to blame for the delay, is left with the Government authorities to decide; and all the information the people at present are entitled to, it appears, is that his trial has been ordered by the President and Chief Justice Chase. We have no doubt the trial will be a lengthy one; although we can see no necessity for it. All the people want is to see justice done the Chief of the rebellious States; and something too, that will prove a warning to others in future who may choose to act a conspicuous part in any unforeseen rebellion. Let the trial be speedy and decisive.

☞The Japanese embassy, it is said, comes over on a somewhat novel errand. Some time ago, the story runs, the government of Japan sent over three millions in gold to purchase gunboats and other vessels for the navy of the Tycoon. The commissioners entrusted with this job fell into the hands of the contractors, and got for the gold one almost worthless steamer. It is to bring to account the guilty parties that the present embassy is in Washington. They propose, also, to purchase several war vessels for the Japanese Government if they can be procured at a fair price.

☞American iron clad war vessels are meeting with great favor amongst foreign powers, and consequently they are in demand. Russia it is said is willing to take war vessels in payment for the unnamed region near the North pole, and the mission of the Japanese embassy is to procure some of the same articles of furniture if they can be had at a fair price. We hope Uncle Sam will consider it to our nation's interest not to part with them at present.

☞The act abolishing the State tax on personal property and substituting a special assessment on each county did not become a law.

ANOTHER CELESTIAL REBELLION.—Every now and then we get a despatch which tells us that the Rebellion in China is progressing, and that Pekin, Nankin, or Nanchang are threatened. These despatches take it for granted that we are thoroughly aware of the causes and objects of the sedition, and speak to us familiarly of Tsang, Fuag, Kib, and Pa, as though we were as familiar with them as with Berlin, Madrid, or Florence. Such a suggestive telegraph comes to us to day, which tells us that Nankin is threatened. We do not know what is the origin of the present *emeute*—whether it is a different affair from the one of last year, or whether it is a continuation of that little *fiasco*. But to form a correct idea of the influences which produce a rebellion among the pagodas and villas of the celestial country, we will recall the events of the last revolt. The venerable king was gathered to his fathers, and his son, of unpronounceable name, reigned in his stead. It seems that the will of the venerable child of the sun made three chiefs guardians of his heir; but in a fit of abstraction decorated two of them with two swords and three peacock feathers each, while the third was passed over, because of his absence. When he arrived at the palace, and found his coadjutors wearing three peacock feathers, and he had but two, he challenged his rivals to the sportive game of *kari-kari*, and when they declined, raised a rebellion which covered the whole Empire. Whether the present difficulty has a similar origin or not we cannot tell, but think it more than probable that the disappointment of some two-tailed mandarin is the cause.

Jeff Davis in Richmond.

RICHMOND, May 11.—The steamer John Sylvester, with Jeff. Davis on board, arrived this afternoon. Long before his arrival military arrangements had been made by General Schofield. A detachment of the 28th regiment was present, and sentinels were posted at intervals, inclosing about two hundred yards square of the wharf. Outside of this a large crowd of negroes and a few whites were gathered. The brows of the surrounding hills were thickly covered with spectators. Major Vance, of General Scofield's staff, who was in command, had a detachment of the 8th artillery, numbering about fifty, mounted as a guard for the carriages. As the steamer hove in sight, with the national flag flying, the most intense anxiety was exhibited by the crowd to get closer, but there was no demonstration, no cheering or hissing. When the steamer was made fast, Hon. James Lyons went aboard and had a feeling meeting with Davis. He brought Mrs. Davis ashore and conducted her to a carriage, followed by her two servants. In a few minutes Davis came over the gangway plank, accompanied by Gen. Burton and Dr. Cooper. The party immediately got into carriages, and surrounded by the mounted guard, drove rapidly by a side street up towards the Spottswood Hotel, thus disappointing the large crowds who gathered on Main street, near the wharf, to see Davis.

LATEST NEWS.

Jefferson Davis Released upon $100,000 Bonds.

RICHMOND, VA., May 13.—At eleven o'clock this morning, Jeff Davis was conveyed from his quarters at the Spottswood House to the United States Supreme Court Room, opposite Capitol Square. As early as 10 o'clock a large crowd, composed principally of negroes, assembled in front of the hotel, anxious to get a glimpse of the stern statesman. There was no disturbance or excitement.

The Court room was filled to its utmost capacity, and guarded outside by United States soldiers. Davis entered the Court room at twenty minutes past 11 o'clock, and was assigned a seat in a corner, near Marshal Duncan. He looked pale and haggard, was dressed in a dark suit, black slouch hat, green kid gloves, and carried a cane. He was subsequently provided with a seat near his counsel, and sat between William B. Reed and Charles O'Conor.

The proceedings were opened by Charles O'Conor, who read the writ producing the prisoner in Court. A lengthy speech was made by Mr. O'Conor in favor of admitting Davis to bail, and any amount of bail was offered. Wm. M. Evarts and District Attorney Chandler then replied to Mr. O'Conor. After some law technicalities were gone through with, Judge Underwood addressed the counsel, and argued the question of admitting the prisoner to bail. He said it would be satisfactory to the Court, under the circumstances, to admit Mr. Davis to bail in the sum of $100,000, and he would require ten securities at $10,000 each. After some further preliminaries, it was decided to admit the prisoner to bail in the sum of $100,000, and twenty gentlemen entered the required amount in the sum of $5000 each.

Jeff Davis was congratulated freely on the result, and he appeared relieved and gratified. Horace Greeley was the first to sign the bail bond. Davis got up from his seat, and advancing to Horace Greeley, shook him heartily by the hand, and entered into conversation with him, when Davis left the Court room a free man, for the first time in two years.

The crowd outside all took off their hats and cheered him lustily as he entered his carriage. He proceeded straight to his quarters at the Spottswood Hotel, where he is now receiving an ovation.

The trial is fixed for the term of the Court which meets on the 4th of next November.

The Indian War.

CHICAGO, May 11.—A special to the *Journal* from Council Bluffs, Iowa dated the 11th, says, the steamer Leclair passed down the river to-day bringing news of the destruction of the steamer Miner, by the Indians, about 500 miles above Sioux City. The boat landed to take wood, and while the crew were chopping, the Indians, about 200 in number, surrounded and massacred the whole party, and captured the boat, killing and scalping men, women and children indiscriminately. Only two men escaped. After pillaging the boat of all its valuables, the Indians burned it to the water's edge.

A Riot in Richmond.

RICHMOND, Va., May 9.—A serious riot occurred this evening. A large crowd of negroes gathered on Carey street to see the trial between the engines of Richmond and Wilmington, Del., fire companies. A fight took place, and a negro was arrested. The mob of negroes rescued him, but he was again captured. Upon arriving at the upper station house, the negroes again rescued him, throwing paving stones at the police. Captain Jenkins of the police, two sergeants, and one private were all injured, two of them seriously. By this time the mob had swelled to nearly a thousand negroes.

General Schofield sent up a company of the 11th Regiment, and came himself. He spoke to the mob, commanding them to disperse, but the order was not obeyed. The soldiers then charged bayonets and drove them away. More soldiers were sent to the station-house after night, and no riot is now likely to occur.

During the progress of the riot, the mob surrounded a house in which a white boy had taken refuge, and clamored for him until he came out and the police took him in charge. The negroes said he had a slung-shot.

MORE TROUBLE EXPECTED.

Washington, May 10. From Richmond to day I learn that the disturbance of yesterday is the subject of deep and earnest discussion among all classes there. Those having the interest and welfare of the community at heart are grateful that riot and bloodshed, which would probably inaugurate a war of races, was averted. The whites generally regret the occurrence though they feel absolved from any blame by non-participation in it, the whole being mainly attributable to the negroes, who, under the influence of incendiary politicians, are not to be controlled. The forbearance of the police in not using their firearms is commendable.

The effective manner in which the military dispersed the mob, under the order of General Schofield, exasperated the negroes to such a degree that they now vow vengeance against the 11th United States Infantry, who on some future occasion are to be roughly dealt with. It is feared that the expected arrival of Mr. Davis in Richmond will be the signal for a riot, which will exceed in atrocity any of the previous riots in the South. It has lately been manifest that the negroes have been for some time seeking the difficulty that culminated yesterday.

The following additional intelligence has just been received from Richmond, Va:—This evening, at the African church, there was a large and demonstrative meeting of negroes, ostensibly to ratify a convention held last month, but in reality to listen to demagogues. Confiscation was, as usual, greeted with the loudest demonstrations of approval, and one of the Boston orators could have had his policy conveniently carried out when he told his colored hearers, after protecting the life of Judge Underwood, to hold high carnival. After his departure the negroes if agreeably disposed, might be apt to hold such kind of carnival as would result in pillage and massacres.

The negroes still feel very excited over the events of last evening. Quite a number of them have been discharged from employment in the hotels and restaurants of the city, who were engaged in the disturbance. The white citizens are feeling nervous at the consequences likely to flow from the triumph of the negroes over the law and the police.

Judge Underwood, Hunnicutt, and all those white men who have been insidiously exciting the negroes to insurrection, are clearly responsible for the proceedings of yesterday.—*N. Y. Herald.*

The Peace Congress in Europe.

LONDON, May 9.—The representatives of the great powers commissioned to the Peace Congress in this city reassembled in session this afternoon after the adjournment which took place on Tuesday and continued over Wednesday. The second meeting has proved a success with reference to the difficult and important subject which the plenipotentiaries have been called upon to treat as between France and Prussia, the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and Holland.

The question is settled in favor of peace.

By the recorded minutes of the Congress, Luxembourg remains under the rule of the King of Holland. The neutralization of the territory of the Grand Duchy will be guaranteed by the great powers of Europe. The fortress of Luxembourg will be evacuated by the Prussian troops, and razed to the ground. No troops will be retained within the territory of Luxembourg except a force which may be necessary to maintain order and preserve the peace.

The pressure which was exerted on the plenipotentiaries in the Congress by the defiant attitude which the opposing powers—France and Prussia—maintained towards each other, combined with the knowledge which the members had of the great war preparations which were being carried on on the Continent, led to a very speedy action on the part of the Conference representatives.

There now remain, merely, the official and executive details of the procedings to be settled, which will be done in due form and speedily. The treaty of settlement, which will of course be properly named and intitled, will be signed on Friday or Saturday next.

VEGETABLE SILK.—An important discovery has recently been made in Peru, South America, which has been officially communicated by our Consul to the State Department at Washington. It is that of a Silk Plant. The shrub is three or four feet in height. The silk is inclosed in a pool, of which each plant gives a great number, and is declared to be superior in fineness and quality to the production of the silk-worm. It is a wild perennial, the seed small and easily separated from the fibre. The stem of the plant produces a long and very brilliant fibre, superior in strength and beauty to the finest linen thread. Small quantities have been woven in the rude manner of the Indians, and the texture and brilliancy is said to be unsurpassed. Preparations are now being made to cultivate it upon an extensive scale.

Pen and Scissors.

A small expedition is to be dispatched for Africa to learn the fate of Dr. Livingstone. A small iron steamer has been taken for the navigation of Lake Nybasa.

If venders of headgear style themselves "headologists," people who sell coverings for the pedal extremities might be called sockdologists.

A tailor in Cincinnati named Frank Holtkamp, 45 years of age, committed suicide by cutting his head off with a razor. Desertion by his wife was the cause.

Some deaf and dumb children in Jacksonville, Illinois, were asked the meaning of eternity. One wrote on his slate, "It is the life-time of the Almighty," and another only made a circle.

The Court of Claims at Washington has now before it a large number of claims of captured cotton, involving vast sums of money. Ex-Senator Cowan is especially employed to defend the interests of the Government.

One thousand two hundred men are employed in the New England lobster trade.—Fourteen thousand traps are used, and one hundred and fifty thousand dollars are invested in the business.

The "newest thing out" comes from Jamaica. A firm there prints at the head of its letter paper: "Excuses for nonpayment of money must be prepaid, or postage will be charged to the account."

A young man in Zanesville, Ohio, wears his hair rolled up on the back of his head like a young lady. It grows luxuriantly, and when it gets to be three feet long he sells it to hair-dressers at a good price.

Notwithstanding the preliminaries looking to the preservation of peace, France and Prussia are both rapidly arming. This course is producing distrust and alarm in financial circles.

Black river, Wisconsin, is completely jammed with logs for fifteen miles. It is estimated that there were not less than 225,000,000 feet in the river at the opening of spring, of which 120,000,000 have already gone down.

Said a wife to her husband the other day, "I have been to see Mrs. ——." "Well," replied the husband, "I suppose she is very happy." "Happy? I should think she ought to be; she has a camel's hair shawl two-thirds border."

Postmaster General Randall has decided to dispense with the publication of lists of uncalled for letters. It will be hereafter posted upon the bulletin boards of the various postoffices, and such papers as desire can then print them.

An Indian war seems inevitable. The Kiowas have taken up the hatchet, and united with the Sioux and Cheyennes. We hope that General Hancock will make a short and sharp campaign, and settle the matter without resorting to many tactics.

French scientific men predict that the summer of 1867 will be cold and wet. They base the prediction on the fact that immense masses of ice have broken, or are about to break away from the extreme North, producing cold and vapor.

The planks supporting a derrick on the scaffold in front of the Lindell Hotel, in St. Louis, used in taking down the walls of that building, broke and precipitated four men from the fifth story to the pavement, instantly killing one, fatally wounding another, and badly hurting two others.

In New Orleans there are eight thousand six hundred and eighty-seven colored men voters, and two thousand and twelve white voters. Wait until the colored men understand the tricks in politics as well as some white men and then see if they don't have a black Mayor, or perehps a colored Congressman.

"Your handwriting is very bad, indeed," said a gentleman to a young college friend, who was more addicted to boating and cricketing than to hard study; "you really ought to learn to write better." "Ay, ay," returned the young man, "It's all very well for you to tell me that, but if I write better, people would be finding out how I spell."

A captain of a vessel, who professed himself a Quaker, being insulted by one of his crew, said: "Friend, I will not strike thee, nor kick thee; but (holding a handspike over his head) I will let this billet of wood fall on thee," and he let the handspike fall on his head, which knocked him in the scupper.—"Now, friend, if thou art content, go unto thy duty; peradventure the billet falleth again."

Should a Moslem, when praying, feel himself disposed to gape, he is ordered to suppress the sensation as the work of the devil, and to close his mouth lest the father of iniquity should enter and take possession of his person. It is curious that the opinion prevails also among the Hindoos, who twirl their fingers close before their mouths before gaping, to prevent the evil spirit from getting in that way. [NOTE—The compositor in setting up this item gaped no less than a dozen times. He hopes the evil spirits have departed rather than entered.]

THE SUPREME COURT.—The session of the Supreme Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania commenced its sessions on the 13th day of May. The number of cases to be heard during this session will be large, some involving questions of Constitutional law of great importance. The Court during its session in Harrisburg will be composed of the following Justices:—Chief Justice Woodward, Justices Thompson, Read and Agnew. Justice Strong will be absent, being now in Europe. The Court during its session there sits in the North East room on the second floor of the State Capitol building. The following are the return days for the counties of the Middle District: For Cumberland, York, Perry, Lancaster and Adams, the second Monday of May. For Dauphin, Lebannon, Somerset, Franklin, Fulton and Bedford, the third Monday of May. For Huntingdon, Mifflin, Juniata, Blair, Centre and Clinton the fourth Monday of May.

☞Gov. Geary has appointed Hon. David Derrickson, of Meadville; Wayne McVeagh, (son in-law of Simon Cameron,) of West Chester, and William M. Hall, (brother of Lewis W. Hall,) of Bedford, as commissioners to revise the penal code under the act passed at the last session.

The Home Journal hints at a magnificent wedding soon to take place in New York, to which there are twenty-five hundred invitations to the church, and a thousand less to the house. The bride elect is a belle and the groom a Major General.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO THE SCHOOL DIRECTORS OF HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

GENTLEMEN: Application having been made by Boards of Directors of a majority of the school districts of said county, stating their desire to increase the salary of the County Superintendent thereof, you are respectfully requested to meet in convention at the Court House in Huntingdon, on THURSDAY, the 30th day of MAY, 1867, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose above stated, according to the terms of the eighth section of the supplement to the school law, approved the 8th day of May, 1855.

G. R. COBURN,
Dept. Supt. of Common Schools.

may15-3t

FLOUR, FEED, &C.

WE have taken Juniata (formerly NEFF'S) MILL, near Petersburg, and are prepared to furnish

FLOUR, FEED AND GROUND PLASTER

on as reasonable terms as it can be done for the times.

H. M. BUTLER, Miller.
Address, Shavers Creek P. O., Pa.

my15-2m* JNO. CRR&WELL & SON.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, the undersigned, Guardian of the minor children of James McMahon, late of West township, deceased, will expose to Public Sale, on the premises,

On Saturday, the 8th day of June, 1867,

The interest of the said minors in a certain Tract of Land situate in BARREE Township, in said county, containing about SEVEN ACRES, and having thereon erected a small two-story HOUSE.

The widow of said deceased will also, on the same day, by public vendue, dispose of her interest in the said real estate, and will join said Guardian in the execution of the conveyance of the same.

TERMS—Cash, on confirmation of sale.

JAMES MURPHY, Guardian.

my15-4t

CLASSIFICATION of MERCHANTS &c., in Huntingdon county, by the Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes, for the year 1867.

Alexandria.

	CLASS.	LIC		CLASS.	LIC
E. P. Walker,	14	7 00	W. S. Walker,	14	7 00
J. R. Gregory,	14	7 00	W. M. Phillips,	11	25 00
Wm. Moore,	13	10 00	J. J. Bellman,	14	7 00
J. H. Kennedy,	13	10 00			

Birmingham.

James T. Owens, 14 7 00 | Bartlett & Selfridge 12 12 50
Jno. R. Thompson, 14 7 00

Barre.

Barton Green, 13 10 00 | S. H. Myton & Bro. 13 10 00
A. Crownover, 13 10 00 | W. H. Harper, 14 7 00

Cassville.

G. M. Green, 14 7 00 | Jas. Heaton, 14 7 00
James Henderson, 13 10 00

Clay.

Geo. McLaughlin, 14 7 00 | R. Ashman, 14 7 00
T. H. Adams, 13 10 00

Cromwell.

L. G. Leamer, 14 7 00

Coalmont.

Heaton & Reed, 14 7 00 | J. H. Benford, 13 7 00
T. M. & J. Hedding 14 7 00

Carbon.

Pewdion Coal Co 10 20 00 | Dr. W. B. Roberts, 14 7 00
A. & J. J. Gleason, 10 20 00 | Joseph M. Bacon, 12 12 50
A. M. Williams, 14 7 00 | Reakirt, Bro. & Co. 13 10 00
Tool & Hughs, 12 12 50 | George Mears, 13 10 00
Matthew Dunn, 14 7 00 | D. J. Logan. 14 7 00
Wm. A. Orbison, 10 20 00 | M. J. Martin, 14 7 00
D. Blair, 13 10 00 | Houck & Stadell. 14 7 00
Wm. Brown, 13 10 00 | Cook, Sheetz & Co. 13 10 00
J. Bailey & Bro. 14 7 00

Dublin.

W. C. Swan, 14 7 00 | Rouse & Grissinger 12 12 50
George Sipes, 14 7 00 | James Cree, 14 7 00

Franklin.

G. & J Shoenberger 10 20 00 | M. G. Keatley, 14 7 00
Shorb, Stewart & Co 14 7 00 | H. A. Bathurst, 14 7 00
J. Q. Adams, 14 7 00 | Laird & Co., 14 7 00
A. G. Ewing & Co., 11 15 00

Hopewell.

W. S. Entriken, 13 10 00 | J. T. Shirley & Bro. 14 7 00
D. Weaver, 14 7 00

Huntingdon.

Z. Yenter, 13 10 00 | A. C. Clarke, Agt., 14 7 00
G. H. Walker, 14 7 00 | D. McCabe, 14 7 00
Mrs. M. Hanigar, 14 7 00 | B. M. Greene, 12 12 50
W. P. Rudolph, 14 7 00 | Walter & Clement, 14 7 00
John Leister, 14 7 00 | H. Stroman, 14 7 00
D. Africa, 14 7 00 | G. W. Ellis, 12 12 50
Henry Roman, 12 12 50 | W. K. Rohm, 14 7 00
Fisher & Sons, 10 20 00 | J. C. Blair. 14 7 00
H. Grewenberg, 13 10 00 | Cunningham Carmon 11 15 00
D. Patwin, 10 20 00 | " " 7 50 00
J. H. Westbrook, 14 7 00 | Whartons Maguire, 10 20 00
Wm. Lewis, 14 7 00 | N. E. Corbin, 14 7 00
Wm. Lewis, 13 10 00 | Wm. Summers, 14 7 00
James A. Brown, 12 12 50 | S. S. Smith, 13 10 00
March & Bro., 11 15 00 | W. Africa, 14 7 00
Johnston & Watson 10 20 00 | John Hagy's, 14 7 00
Henry & Co., 6 50 00 | Wm. Long, 13 10 00
C. H. Miller & Son, 14 7 00 | Stronse & Free, 13 10 00
Aaron Steward, 14 7 00 | Glazier & Bro., 13 10 00
G. Shaeffer, 14 7 00 | James Higgens, 14 7 00
Rohm & Miller, 12 12 50 | P. R. Akers & Sister 14 7 00
A. L. Lewis, 12 12 50

Jackson.

M'Burney & Nephew 12 12 50 | J. M. Smith & Sons 13 10 00
S. W. Myton, 12 12 50 | W. H. Harper, 14 7 00
Freedom Iron Co., 8 30 00 | H. Kooker, 14 7 00

McConnellstown.

Jos. M. Douglass, 12 10 00 | John Brewster, 14 7 00
States & Ward, 12 12 50

Marklesburg.

G. B. Brumbaugh, 13 10 00 | John G. Boyer, 14 7 00
J. B. Shontz, 13 10 00 | S. B. Gardner, & Co. 13 10 00

Morris.

John Davis, & Co. 12 10 00 | Isett & Thompson, 11 15 00
Sam. S. Wareham, 14 7 00 | D. W. Grafius, & Co. 11 15 00

Mill Creek.

S. A. Hughes & Bro. 14 7 00 | Diffenbaugh, Boring, 9 25 00
Elmire & Foust, 9 25 00

Mount Union.

D. Elmire, 9 25 00 | R. J. Baker, 12 10 00
P. M. Bare, 9 25 00 | F. D. Steeres, 14 7 00
A. Harshberger, 13 10 00 | F. M'Laughlins Son, 9 25 00
Saml. Friedley, 14 7 00

Napleton.

D. M. Evans, 12 12 50 | Jer. Banman, 9 25 00

Orbisonia.

Thos. Orbison, 12 12 50 | D. S. Baker & Co., 12 12 50
S. P. Sarr & Co., 14 7 00

Porter.

S. & B. Hatfield, 11 15 00 | G. Dorsey Green, 12 12 50

Petersburg.

Jas. M Stevens, 14 7 00 | Jas. C. Walker, 11 15 00
Johnston & Stewart, 11 15 00 | Cresswell & Son, 12 12 50

Springfield.

D. Locke, 14 7 00 | Weight & Covert, 14 7 00
B. C. Dawney & Co., 14 7 00

Shirleysburg.

Cornelius & Bro. 14 7 00 | W. H. Brewster, 13 10 00
W. A. Fraker, 13 10 00 | W. R. Lens, 13 10 00

Shirley Township.

Elmire & Son, 13 10 00

Tell.

Jas. G. McClure, 14 7 00 | Kepner & Son, 14 7 00
D. H. Morrison, 13 10 00

West.

Myton & Oburn, 14 7 00 | Saml. Trontwine, 14 7 00
Mrs. Myton & Son., 12 12 50

Warriorsmark.

Miles Zentmire, 13 10 00 | W. Vantries & Co., 13 10 00
D. Rabold, 14 7 00 | Jeremiah Ike, 14 7 00

BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES.

Graffius Miller, 6 25 00 | J. B. Weaver, 11 15 00
George Nolte, 6 25 00 | John Schneider, 6 25 00
John Z. Kooker, 6 25 00 | D. H. Foster, 6 25 00
Thomas Colder, 6 25 00

PATENT MEDICINES.

Bartlett & Selfridge, 4 5 00 | S. S. Smith, 4 5 00
Joseph Johnston, 4 5 00 | John Read, 8 10 00

Vendors of intoxicating liquors by the quart or greater quantities with or without merchandise.

Coalmont.

Wm. G. Kelley, $25 00

Carbon.

Tool & Hughs, $25 00 | Matthew Dunn, $25 00

Jackson.

Wm. H. Harper, $25 00

BILLIARD SALOONS.

A. V. Westbrook, 2 Tables, $40 00

The above is the corrected assessment, after the appeals held at Birmingham, on the 26th, and at Huntingdon on the 29th of April, 1867, pursuant of notices given. No other appeal will be granted.

GEO. W. OWENS, Mercantile Appraiser.

NOTICE.—By an act of Assembly passed the 11th day of April, 1862, it is made the duty of the County Treasurer to sue out all licenses not lifted on or before the first day of July. Persons having licenses to lift, will save costs by calling and lifting the same previous to that time, as those not lifted within the time prescribed by law, will positively be placed in the hands of a proper officer for collection.

T. W. MYTON, Co. Tres.

Huntingdon, May 8, '67-it.

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the Parsonage belonging to the First Regular Baptist Church of Huntingdon, are hereby notified to present the same, in proper form, at the office of K. A. LOVELL, on or before the 1st of June 1867.

JAMES TERRY,
N. B. CORBIN,
K. A. LOVELL,
Trustees.

Huntingdon, May 8, 1867.

THE FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES

Are now in use and their yearly sales double all others combined.

The rise and fall of numberless machines, heralded as "superior to all others," has convinced the public that it is safer to buy a good article of established reputation and from responsible parties, than to risk their money in doubtful experiment.

These Machines have MORE IMPROVEMENTS, MAKE LESS NOISE, are MUCH MORE SPEEDY and SIMPLE in operation than any Machine in the market. An examination solicited before making a purchase elsewhere.

Apply to DIANAH L. BAKER,
Second story of Leister's new building
my8-6m* Huntingdon, Pa.

Brass Musical Instruments FOR SALE.

1 Silver E flat Coruet, 2 Brass E flat Cornets, 2 E flat Altos, 3 B flat Tenors, 1 Baritone, 2 E flat Basses, 1 Bass Drum.

The above outfit for a Band will be sold at very low rates, and those desiring to purchase should avail themselves of this opportunity.

Apply to R. W. THOMAS,
Huntingdon, Jan16-tf *Teacher of Cornet Bands.*

GETTYSBURG ASYLUM FOR INVALID SOLDIERS.

Incorporated by Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, March 6, 1867.

The Board of Supervisors appointed by the above Corporation to carry out the objects of the act of incorporation, respectfully announce to the public that the legislature of Pennsylvania has authorized the raising of funds for the erection, establishment, and maintenance of an Asylum for Invalid Soldiers of the late war, to be built on the Battle-field of Gettysburg, and as an inducement to patriotic citizens to contribute to this benevolent object, have empowered the Corporation to distribute amongst the subscribers such articles of value and interest, from association with the late war, or any moneys, effects, property, or estate, real or personal, whatever, in this State or elsewhere, at such time or upon such terms, and in such way and manner whatsoever, as to them shall seem fit, any laws of this Commonwealth to the contrary notwithstanding.

The enterprise is cordially recommended by the following named well-known gentlemen:

Major General GEORGE G. MEADE.
Ex-Governor ANDREW G. CURTIN,
Major General GALUSHIA PENNYPACKER,
" " E. M. GREGORY,
" " JOHN R. BROOKE.
" " CHARLES H. T. COLLIS,
" " H. Y. J. MADILL,
" " JAS. L. SELFRIDGE,
Brigadier General JAMES A. BEAVER,
" " HORATIO G. SICKLES,
" " JOSEPH F. KNIPE,
" " WM. J. BOLTON,
" " SAMUEL M. ZULICK,
" " JOHN K. MURPHY,
" " JOHN F. HALLIER,
" " T. F. McCOY.
" " R. E. WINSLOW,
" " HENRY PLEASANTS,
" " J. P. S. GOBIN,
" " J. M. CAMPBELL,
" " THOMAS M. WALKER,
" " WM. COOPER TALLEY,
" " D. M. M. GREGG,
Colonel T. S. STUMBAUGH,

The site for the institution (thirty acres) has already been purchased, and it is hoped that the good work may commence before midsummer.

Subscriptions will be received at the office of the Association, No. 1126 Chestnut street Philadelphia, on and after Monday, the 6th of May, 1867.

For each subscription of five dollars a certificate will be issued, which will entitle the holder to such article of value as may be awarded to its number.

The first distribution of awards will be made immediately upon the receipt of 50,000 subscriptions, of $5 each.

The distribution will be public, and under the direct supervision of the Corporators.

Persons at a distance are requested to remit their subscriptions (wher. practicable) by Post office money order, or registered letter, to insure prompt delivery.

Direct all letters to

J. D. HOFFMAN,
SECRETARY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS,
Box 1481, P. O., Philadelphia.

The following is a schedule of the awards to be made under the first distribution. The items of Diamonds and other precious stones were purchased from citizens of the South during the war, and their genuineness is certified to by Messrs. Henle & Bros., the most extensive diamond importers in the country, and by J. Hermann, diamond setter, New York.

GETTYSBURG ASYLUM FOR INVALID SOLDIERS,

Incorporated by Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, March 6, 1867,
Office 1126 CHESTNUT Street, Philadelphia.

FIRST DISPOSITION.

Eighty Thousand Subscribers at Five Dollars Each.

1—	1 Diamond Necklace, 43 Brilliants, valued at	$30,000
2—	1 Diamond Cluster Brooch and Ear Rings	15,000
3—	1 Award 10-40 Government Bonds	10,000
4—	1 Diamond Cross, set in silver	7,000
5—	1 Diamond Cluster Brooch	5,000
6—	1 Award 10-40 Government Bonds	5,000
7—	1 Diamond Single Stone Ring	4,500
8—	1 Diamond Cluster Bracelet	4,000
9—	1 Diamond Single Stone Scarf Pin	4,000
10—	1 Diamond Cluster Brooch	4,000
11—	1 Diamond Cluster Bracelet	4,000
12—	1 Pair Single Stone Diamond Ear Rings	3,000
13—	1 Diamond Cluster Brooch	3,000
14—	1 Award 10-40 Government Bonds	2,000
15—	1 Diamond Single Stone Pin	3,000
16—	1 Diamond Single Stud	3,000
17—	1 Diamond Cluster Brooch	2,500
18—	1 Diamond Single Stone Ring	2,500
19—	1 Diamond and Emerald Brooch	1,500
20—	1 Diamond Single Stone Ring	2,000
21—	1 Diamond Cluster Ring	1,500
22—	1 Long India Camel's Hair Shawl	1,500
23—	1 Choice Emerald Stud	1,500
24—	1 Single Stone Diamond Ring	1,000
25 to 34—	10 Awards of 10-40 Government Bonds each	1,000
35—	1 Three stone Diamond and Ruby, half hoop Ring	800
36—

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, May 15, 1867.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

Local Advertisements.

Advertisements (puffs or notices) published in local columns at ten cents a line single insertion, counting seven words to a line. tf.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

New Advertisements in this Issue.

☞ *See opposite page.* ☜

To the School Directors of Huntingdon county.
Supplement to a borough Ordinance.
Flour, Feed, &c. Juniata Mill. J. Cresswell & Son.
Orphans' Court Sale. J. Murphy, Guardian.

Brief Items.

—We see by our exchanges that mad dogs have already made their appearance.

—Mr. W. P. McLaughlin has withdrawn from the firm of John Bare & Co, Bankers, in this place.

—The Castilian Garden was opened on Saturday evening last. There was a good crowd in attendance.

—David P. Gwin has rejuvenated the appearance of his store building by giving it a fresh coat of paint. Wm. P. Orbison has done the same to his dwelling.

—A small house tenanted by Andrew Rogers, along the base of Black-Log mountain, in Germany valley, was destroyed by fire on Sunday evening.—*Times.*

—Will our present enterprising Board of Councilmen please furnish the printers with the proceedings of their meetings? They will be published free, gratis, for nothing.

—A little son of Joseph and Jane Price, residing in Hill valley, fell into the spring and was drowned, on Thursday afternoon. He was a little over two years of age.—*Times.*

—An old gentleman attempted to jump on a passenger train at Barree station last week, which was in motion, and slipt under the car. He was pulled out by a bystander before being run over.

—The Lewistown *Gazette* says that Captain Seth Benner has been removed from the office of Whisky Inspector, and Ner Thompson, of Armagh township, appointed in his place. The rotary motion has again commenced.

—The amount of license paid to the Appraiser of Taxes by mercantile dealers in this county is $1107, exclusive of Huntingdon borough, which pays $499, very nearly one-half as much as is paid by the rest of the dealers in the county.

—As the law stands, soldiers who have lost their discharge papers are entitled to bounty the same as if they had them, if they can furnish evidence of such loss. There are many to whom this will apply, and such should lose no time in presenting their claims.

—The Quarterly Convention of the West Juniata District of Good Templars, meets at Martinsburg, Blair co., on the 21st and 22d inst. The following are the delegates from Standing Stone Lodge: Rev. James C. Clarke, J. R. Simpson, Mrs. Hannah Barnhart, Mrs. Jennie Simpson.

—Counterfeit five cent coins are in active circulation. The die or matrix by which they are made is nearly perfect, but the metal is very base, in some instances being not much better than lead. The coin counterfeiters no doubt expect to reap a rich harvest from this new imposition, at the expense of the cupidity of the public.

—Some of our friends, who delight in flowers, ought to try an experiment recommended by one of our exchanges. If successful, the result will be a gratifying one. It says: Any lady who cultivates a rose in her apartments will find that by planting an onion in the same pot, the fragrance of the rose will be increased a hundred per cent. Why this is so is more than we can say.

—Several of our sporting gentry, with hook and line, have already indulged in the delightful pastime of fishing. The streams are somewhat swollen with the late rains, the waters are muddy, and our fishermen are eager to form a devoted attachment with the finny tribe, be they "big fish" or "small fry." We are not a little sorry to add, there is a poor look out for shad in these waters.

—The *Alleghanian* thinks that Cambria county will only have begun to prosper when her sons shall have ceased to destroy her timber and have turned their attention to the cultivation of the soil. It thinks that at the present rate of consumption, five years of the future will see many of her people as glad to purchase lumber as they are now ready to sell it.

—A boy entered Mr. Shaeffer's boot and shoe store on Friday last, during his temporary absence, and stole $16 out of his money-drawer. The boy was caught and made to deliver. He is known to many of our citizens, and we forbear publishing his name, hoping that he will never do the same offense again. He might see his name in the papers in a very bad light if he does not take warning by the advice of his parents.

—The following are the officers elect of Standing Stone Lodge I. O. of G. T., for the quarter ending August 1st, '67: W. C. T.—Dr. A. B. Brumbaugh; W. V. T.—Miss Nettie Black; W. S.—Alexander Denny; W. T.—Miss Mary Gwin; W. A. S.—Miss Hennie Wallace; W. F. S.—Hugh Lindsay; W. C.—Rev. James C. Clarke; W. M.—G. F. Marsh; W. D. M.—Miss Mary Wilson; W. R. H. S.—Rev. G. D. Penepacker; W. L. H. S.—Miss Lydia Simpson; W. I. G.—Miss Kate Cunningham; W. O. G.—James Skeese.

MAGIC Impression Paper for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

Borough Improvements.

Our borough fathers are doing a very creditable thing just now, in requiring property-holders residing on some of the principal thoroughfares of our town to pave the sidewalks in front of their lots. It will be seen by reference to an advertisement in to-day's paper that by this means many of our public squares are to be improved, and we hope that those concerned will commence as soon as possible, and save themselves some expense through unnecessary neglect or willful refusal.—The streets running east and west in our borough are nearly all paved on one side, and what is now being done is to have pavements on both sides where it is most needed. When the sidewalks are paved on both sides, it will not be long before dwellings will follow where there are none at present, thereby enhancing the value of surrounding property. The improvements now proposed are such as will be a comfort to the traveling community and a blessing to the property-holders when they wish to sell.

If any of our readers are puzzled to know the names of the streets, we advise them to study the sign-boards more closely.

☞Railroad Passes are played out, but the people are not much the losers as J. C. Blair, at his Book Store on Railroad Street, is furnishing his customers with Wall Paper, Blinds, Books and Stationery, at Philadelphia Prices. Call and see him. †

Southern Famine Relief Fund.

The Executive Committee on Collections and the Committee on Distribution, having determined to organize Auxiliary Associations in the interior counties of Pennsylvania, have appointed John Scott, John G. Miles, Wm. Dorris, A. P. Wilson, W. Lewis, and Rev. G. W. Zahniser, a Committee to act in Huntingdon county.

The Auxiliary Associations are authorized to collect and receive funds in aid of the Southern Famine Relief Fund of Philadelphia.

The original appointees have power to add to their number, to fill vacancies, to substitute suitable persons for those prevented from serving, and generally to adopt such measures for *promptly* carrying out the objects of their Association as may seem expedient.

Remittances to be made to James M. Aertsen, Treasurer, S. E. Corner of Walnut and Dock streets.

Communications to be addressed to Charles J. Gobrecht, Secretary, Board of Trade Rooms, 505 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

☞Johnston & Wattson have just received a large lot of Ladies' Hoop Skirts, Ladies' Gaiters, Shoes, &c. †

Soldiers' Monument.

A meeting of the friends of a Soldiers' Monument was held at the Court House on last Saturday evening. The meeting organized by calling Hon. John Scott to the chair, and Mr. M. S. Lytle as Secretary. After a short discussion, it was resolved that a meeting be held on Friday evening next, when the committees for the several townships will be announced, and the project again started. It is hoped that there will be a full turn out of our citizens to further this worthy object. We should have a Monument by all means, and we know the citizens of the county would contribute liberally, if the proper enthusiasm was awakened, and energetic canvassers selected to receive the contributions.

☞Do you want New Herring. If you do, go to Johnston & Wattson's new store. They have just received a large lot of Dry Salt, Labrador, Portland and Lake Herring, also Mackerel, Shad, &c.. †

Who Lost a Hat?

While walking down street the other day, a sudden gust of wind overtook us, and undertook to over take our hat over-head into an adjoining gutter, which it did most over-beautifully. Luckily, we were then as suddenly overtook by Mr. Robert Cunningham who took us into his well-filled store, where he showed us a good assortment of hats, from which he told us to take a sort of hat most pleasing to us, which we accordingly did, and *sortied* out, thanking our generous donor, and feeling confident that he was the sort of fellow all sorts of people like to patronize. We lost a hat and we got another one where they are cheap and plenty.

Additional Pay for Officers.

Late officers of the army are entitled to an additional pay of five dollars per month for each servant kept by them from the 1st day of May, 1864, to the 3d day of March, 1865. The Department at Washington is ready to receive and adjust these claims, and MILTON S. LYTLE, Attorney at Law, and Licensed Claim Agent, Huntingdon, Pa., is prepared with the necessary blanks, &c, to make application.—Officers desiring these claims collected should address him. 2t†

Increase of Salary.

C. R. Coburn, State Superintendent of Common Schools, gines notice in to-day's paper, that in view of a request of the majority of the boards of Directors in this county, to increase the salary of the County Superintendent, there will be a meeting held in the Court House on Thursday the 30th of May next for that purpose, which all the Directors are invited to attend.

A SUPPLEMENT

Further to an Act passed the 14th day of May, 1853, relative to Pavements, etc.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Huntingdon, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That the act or ordinance passed on the 14th day of May, A. D. 1853, entitled "An Ordinance regulating the side-walks or pavements in the borough of Huntingdon," be and the same is hereby extended so as to include the east side of Bath street from the corner of Hill street to Church street.

SECTION 2. And be it further enacted by the authority of the same that the said act be extended to the east side of Montgomery street, from Hill street to Mifflin street.

SECTION 3. And be it further enacted that the provisions of the said act be and the same are hereby extended to Church street, from Montgomery street to Charles street, so far as to require pavements to be made, by the owners of lots, on both sides of said Church street, from Bath street to Charles street, and on the northern side from Bath street to Montgomery street; that the pavements be made in accordance with the regulations of the act of which this is a Supplement, and that the same be extended to the south side of Washington street, from Montgomery street to Charles street, and to the south side of Mifflin street, from Smith street to St. Clair street.

SECTION 4. And be it further enacted that the said act be extended to the north side of Moore street, from the corner of Charles street at Washington Buchanan's, to the eastern end of the brick building belonging to W. R. McMurtrie, and thence beginning at Bath street at corner of Jane Woods', along said street to the property of James Higgins, the same to be paved in accordance with the provision aforementioned, and that the School Directors be authorized to either pave said north side of Moore street, from Wm. R. McMurtrie's brick building to corner of Bath street, or grade and gravel the same.

SECTION 4. And be it further enacted, that the said property or lot owners shall make their respective gutters or drains for drawing water of brick.

SECTION 5. And be it further enacted, that the said grading and paving be commenced by the first day of July A. D., 1867, and if any of said lot owners shall refuse or neglect to comply with the provisions of this ordinance by the first day of September, 1867, it shall be the duty of the High Constable to make report in writing forthwith to the Chief Burgess, of any and every such refusal or neglect, and it shall be the duty of said Chief Burgess, upon such report being made, by advertisement in all the Borough papers for two consecutive weeks, to make proposals, receive bids and allot work, for paving and grading any and every such side walk on the aforesaid streets, between the points designated in the foregoing sections, which shall by reason of refusal or neglect, remain unpaved, and the expense of such grading or paving, shall be charged to the respective lot owners, the front of whose lots such paving or grading may be made, to be recovered with cost as other debts by law are recoverable.

Approved May 11th 1867,

Signed, HENRY GLAZIER,
R. MCMURTRIE, Sec'y. Acting Chief Burgess.
Huntingdon, May 15-2t

The Broad Top Railroad.

The controllers of this road have, within the past six months, improved it very much. All the old trestle have been superceded by new and splendid materials, while many other improvements have been made. The Broad Top Road is one of the safest in the State. It has a less number of accidents recorded than any other line of the same length reported, while the care and attention of its officers to the comforts of the traveling public speak in the most favorable terms. We do not think that any one will hesitate to pronounce the most favorable opinion of the substantial condition of the road who will take the pains to inquire or to investigate. We do not know of a single accident which has resulted from pure negligence of its employees or the inefficiency of the material used in its construction though it has been in existence for ten years. The visitors to the Bedford Springs will find this road perfectly safe and in a very good condition.—*Bedford Inquirer.*

A Rich Treat.

On Monday evening last we were sent a large bowl of the most delicious ice cream we ever tasted, by Col. Ed. Summers, the gentlemanly and enterprising proprietor of the Castilian Garden. It was made in his new freezer, by which he is enabled to supply parties and families on short notice. His Garden is now open, and we advise everybody to go and try his splendid ice cream and other luxuries.

☞We are surprised to see children wearing shoes with ragged holes at the toes—wasting their parents' money, and endangering their health, when for a trifle more, shoes with copper or the new and beautiful silver Tips can be had which never wear out at the toes, thus preventing these two serious evils.—*N. Y. Post.* *

Good News for the Afflicted.

A new supply of Sanford's Corn Annihilator for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

Also, a fresh supply of McEntyre's Indian Compound, Dandelion Pills, and Indian Vegetable Worm Destroyer.

Planting and Eating Potatoe.

100 Bushels Prince Alberts just received and for sale at Lewis' Family Grocery.

Genuine Bologna Sausage.

A prime article for sale at Lewis Family Grocery.

☞ Choice dried beef, sugar cured and country hams, shoulder and flitch, for sale at Lewis' Family Grocery.

Lard.

Cash will be paid for good lard at Lewis' Family Grocery. †

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS and CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 519 Pine street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain.—No charge for examination. my8-1ybm

MARRIED,

On the 2d day of May, by the Rev. E. Hall, at the residence of the bride's brother, Mr. HENRY P. DECKER of Henderson Twp., Hunt. Co., to Miss MARIA C. COLSTOCK, of Kankakee county, Illinois.

On the 9th of May, at the M. E. Parsonage, by Rev. R. E. Wilson, Mr. WM. HICKS of Smithfield, to Miss LORINDA WESTBROOK of Huntingdon.

MARKETS.

WHOLESALE MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, May 11, 1867.

Superfine Flour at $9,50@10, extra at $10@11,50, fancy extra family $13@14,50, and Pennsylvania family $15@18,00, and fancy brands $14,50@17,50 according to quality. Rye flour $8,50@9,62½.

Prime Wheat is scarce here. Choice red at $3,00@3,25 white $3,30@3,50. Rye at $1,70@1,73. Corn 1,30 to 1,29 Oats at 78@80c. Barley nut at $1,50.

Cloverseed $10,25@12, according to quality; Timothy at $3,25@3,50; Flaxseed $3,00@3,05 per bushel.

PITTSBURGH, May 11.—Flour.—There is a fair demand. We quote sales of spring wheat Flour at $13,50@13,75, winter Flour at $15@14, fancy at $14,50@15.

Wheat, winter, $3,00@3,10 and No. 1 spring $2,85@3,00. Corn from first hands at $1,05. Rye, $1,05 per bushel. Oats 65@66c; Barley $1,00@1,10. Shoulders 10c; sides 12½c; hams 15½@16c, Lard 12½c.

Cloverseed, $11,50. Flaxseed $3, Timothy $3.

CHICAGO May 11.—Flour firm; spring extra $10.@13,00. Winter, $13,50@16,50. Spring Wheat is at $2,85@2,90. Corn 1,05½c. Oats, 66cts.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 11.—Gold closed at $1,35¾.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY HENRY & CO.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour ₱ bl	$12,00	Hops ₱ lb	40 @ 60
Extra Flour	14,00	Ham, smoked	14
Family Flour	14,50	Hay ₱ ton	19,00
Apple Butter ₱ gallon	1,25	Lard	12½
Barley	1,00	Large Onions ₱ bus	1,00
Butter	30	Mixed Chop	2,75
Buckwheat	60	Meal	65
Buckwheat Meal ₱ cwt.	3,50	Onions Seed ₱ qt	5
Bran ₱ cwt	1,50	Potatoes ₱ bus	$1,00
Brooms ₱ doz	3,00@4,50	Plaster per ton	10,00
Beeswax ₱ lb	30	Rags ₱ lb	5
Beans ₱ bus	3,00	Rye	1,20
Cloverseed ₱ 64 lbs	9,00	Rye Chop ₱ cwt	2,50
Chickens	25	Rye Straw ₱ bundle	15
Country Soap	10	Shorts ₱ cwt	1,50
Corn	$1,05	Shoulder	10
Corn Meal ₱ cwt	2,00	Sides	11
Dried Apples ₱ bu	2,00	Tallow	10 @ 12
Dried Cherries ₱ quart	12	Timothy	3,00
Dried Peaches ₱ lb	18 to 23	Turkeys	75 @ 1,50
Dried Beef	25	Wheat Red	3,00
Eggs	15	Wheat White	3,15
Feathers ₱ lb	70	Wool ₱ lb	45
Flaxseed	$2,00		

PROPOSALS.

Proposals will be received up to the 15th day of MAY, 1867—

1. For building, by the rod, a stone fence around a lot of about two acres, said fence to be 6 feet high, 3 feet wide at bottom and 20 inches at top—to be built in a substantial and workmanlike manner. The foundation will be prepared, stones furnished, and hands boarded. Must commence not later than 1st of June.

2. For building stonework of a stable, by the perch—to be done before the 1st of July.

3. For the carpenter work of a stable, 30x40, and 16 ft. high to eave of roof, with floor in middle 18 feet wide, and stalls for horses and cows on both sides, with hay mows and overden above. Bidder will state price when he finds all the lumber, also when the lumber is found, also his price to work at it by the day.

ALSO,

4. For furnishing at a convenient mill or railroad station, flour, feed, &c., for the use of the Orphan School.—Bids must be by the hundred weight—flour must be good. 14 to 18 cwt. will be required weekly. Bids will be received up to the 20th of each month for the following month.

5. In like manner as in item 4th, bids for a supply of 600 to 900 lbs of beef, per week. Cash rates to be given in each case.

Address A. L. GUSS,
Principal Soldiers' Orphans' School,
may1-3t Cassville, Penn'a.

NEW LEATHER STORE.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that, in connection with their TANNERY, they have just opened a splendid assortment of

FINE LEATHER,

Consisting in part of

FRENCH CALF SKIN,
KIP,
MOROCCO,
LININGS,
BINDINGS,
SOLE,
UPPER,
HARNESS,
SKIRTING, &C.,

Together with a general assortment of

FINDINGS.

The trade is invited to call and examine our stock, Store on HILL street, two doors west of the Presbyterian church.

The highest price paid for HIDES and BARK.

C. H. MILLER & SON.

Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WM. AFRICA

Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.

Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.

Huntingdon, May 1, 1867.

GEO. SHAEFFER

Has just returned from the east with a

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,

Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most

REASONABLE PRICES,

and those who purchase once will surely call again.

BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,

and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.

Call upon Mr. Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond. my2

FOR THE HARVEST OF 1867

BUY THE GENUINE PRIZE MACHINE.

BUCKEYE

Mower and Reaper,

With Double-jointed Folding Bar.

THOS. BURCHINELL,

General Agent for Huntingdon Co.

Huntingdon, April 24-3m

LOCAN ACADEMY,

BELL'S MILLS, BLAIR COUNTY, PA.

EVERY way a first class Institution, affording the best facilities to those preparing for College, business or teaching.

Whole expense for Summer term of 5 months $115 50.

☞ NO EXTRA CHARGES. ☜

Next term begins May 6th. Send for a circular.

Rev. ORR LAWSON, Principal.

Mch.6.-3m.* Antistown, Pa.

Something New "?"

GLAZIER & BRO.

HAVE just opened up on the corner of WASHINGTON and SMITH streets, a new and COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
HATS,
SHOES,
ETC., ETC.

The citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity are hereby tendered a standing invitation to call and examine our stock. Our aim will ever be, that complete satisfaction, both as regards goods and prices, be given to every purchaser. GLAZIER & BRO.

Huntingdon, March 27, 1867.

Can't Be Beaten!

Good Stock & Low Prices!

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a NEW and splendid stock of

GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

CHOICE CANDIES

Of all kinds, for sale wholesale and retail at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

BEST BLEACHED MUSLIN always on hand at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

SOAPS AND CANDLES.

Washing and Toilet Soaps—the best kinds—for sale at LEWIS & CO'S FAMILY GROCERY.

SOUR PICKLES ready for the table by the ½ doz., doz., or ¼ doz., for sale at LEWIS' Family Grocery.

THE PLACE TO BUY

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of

SILKS,
DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, TINWARE,
LADIES' FANCY TRIMMINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS, BONNETS, BUTTONS,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
PROVISIONS, GROCERIES,
CRACKERS, NOTIONS,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
GLASS, NAILS,
FISH, SALT,
&c., &c.

Also, CARPETS and OIL-CLOTH,

And in fact everything that is usually kept in a first class store, all which were bought low for cash and will sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and the public are cordially invited to examine our goods.

Everything taken in exchange for goods except promises.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Huntingdon, ap. 16, 1867.

MUSIC STORE.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has removed his Music Store, to the second floor of Leister's building, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GAEHLE'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC.—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

D. M. GREENE,
Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
may 6,'67 Second floor of Leister's new brick building

DOWN!
DOWN!!
DOWN!!!

The prices of the same quality of Goods are

LOWER

at the

FIRST NATIONAL STORE,

Than any other House in town.

☞ Give us a call and be convinced.

Husbands, come and bring your wives,
For they're the comfort of your lives,
And let your judges be your eyes—
AT OUR CHEAP STORE.

The only Place to Get Good

CALICOES for Ten Cents a Yard.

50 Packages Fresh MACKEREL just received.

ROHM & MILLER.

Huntingdon, ap17.

LADIES' TRIMMINGS

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, &c.

W. P. RUDOLPH has just opened out in the room opposite Leister's new building, on the northeast corner of the Diamond an entirely new stock of the latest styles of

LADIES' TRIMMINGS AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Which he offers to the public at moderate prices. He has also an assortment of spring styles of

HATS AND CAPS, HOOP SKIRTS, NOTIONS, &C.

The ladies are most cordially invited to call and examine my stock of Trimmings, Collars, Cuffs, Gloves, &c.

I solicit a share of public patronage, and will use every effort to render satisfaction to those who may favor me with a call. W. P. RUDOLPH.

Huntingdon, April 10, 1867.

REMOVAL.

ROBLEY & MARSH,

MERCHANT TAILORS.

Respectfully inform their old friends and the public generally that they have removed to the room adjoining the Post Office on Hill street, where they have received a new stock of the most fashionable and serviceable

DRESS GOODS,

Which they are prepared to make up to order in the most fashionable and substantial order.

Call and examine their assortment of goods for

COATS, VESTS AND PANTS,

Before purchasing elsewhere. They are determined to please everybody.

H. ROBLEY,
ap10 1867 GEO. F. MARSH.

WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS,

A LARGE STOCK

AND

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

Window Curtain Papers,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

IF YOU WANT

A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,

CALL AT

DONNELL & KLINE'S

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.

CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.

Huntingdon, Oct 4, '65-tf.

MONEY!

ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED!

The subscriber is permanently located in Huntingdon, and is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best style, and expeditiously, broken

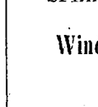
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

All articles intrusted to him will be returned to the residence of the owner as soon as repaired. Umbrellas and parasols for repair can be left at Lewis' Book store.

may2,1866tf WM. FENTIMAN.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.

THOMAS N. COLDER.



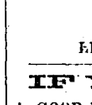
The undersigned having now entered into the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that he will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.

THOS. N. COLDER.

Alexandria, Oct. 23, 1866-tf.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods at Lewis' Family Grocery.



COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

H. ROMAN.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

GENERAL L. C. BAKER'S.

History of the SECRET SERVICE.

This work was announced more than a year ago, but owing to the attempts of the Government to suppress it, its publication was delayed. It will now be issued, UNALTERED and UNABRIDGED, UNDER the SUPERVISION of GENERAL BAKER. These marvelous narratives are all attested by the highest official authority.

The MORALS of the National Capital are THOROUGHLY VENTILATED, and there are some STRANGE REVELATIONS concerning HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS, Members of Congress, FEMALE PARDON BROKERS, and distinguished military characters.

Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address P. GARRETT & CO,

702 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

May 1, 1m.

HENRY HARPER,

520 ARCH ST., PHILADELPHIA.

WATCHES,

JEWELRY,

SILVER AND SILVER-PLATED WARE

ap10,1867-1m

BEALE'S

Late Powell's Embrocation,

For all Diseases Incident to HORSES, CATTLE, and the HUMAN FLESH, Requiring the use of an External Application.

This new Compound, prepared by a practical Chemist having a full knowledge of all the medical virtues of each ingredient that enters into its composition, is warranted to exceed anything of the kind ever yet offered to the Public as an external application for the diseases for which is is recommended. We are satisfied that it will work its own road into the confidence of all who use it, and those who try it once will never be without it, and therefore we rely on experience as the best test of its usefulness. It is pronounced by Farriers, and all who have tried it to be the best application ever used. This Embrocation has been put up for over eight years, and it is only through the increasing demand and urgent request of my friends and the Public that I send it forth as the grand remedial agent for the various diseases to which that noble and useful animal, the horse, is subject

Many remedies have been offered to the Public under different forms, some of these are injurious, others at best of little use, and many wholly improper to answer the purposes for which they are recommended.

A judicious and really useful composition, free from those objections, has therefore long been desired by many gentlemen who have valuable horses, and are unwilling to trust them to the care of designing and pretended Farriers. Their wishes are at length fully gratified, by Dr. Beale being prevailed upon to allow this valuable Embrocation (which has proved so efficacious to the various diseases) to be prepared and brought out to the public.

This Embrocation was extensively used by the Government during the war.

Address all Orders to Dr. EDMUND BEALE,
602 South Second Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

For sale at Lewis' Book Store, and by Store keepers generally. may 1, '67-6m.

LATEST FASHIONS DEMAND

J. W. Bradley's Celebrated Patent

Duplex Elliptic

or Double Spring,

SKIRT.

The wonderful Flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all crowded assemblies, operas, carriages, railroad cars, church pews, arm chairs, for promenade and house dress, as the skirt can be folded when in use to occupy a small place as easily and conveniently as a silk or muslin dress, an invaluable quality in crinoline, not found in any single spring skirt.

A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort, and great convenience of wearing the duplex elliptic steel spring skirt for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For children, misses and young ladies they are superior to all others.

They will not bend or break like the single spring but will preserve their perfect and graceful shape when three or four ordinary skirts will have been thrown aside as useless. The hoops are covered with double and twisted thread, and the bottom rods are not only double springs, but twice (or double) covered; preventing them from wearing out when dragging down stoops, stairs, &c.

The Duplex Elliptic is a great favorite with all ladies and is universally recommended by the Fashion Magazines as the standard skirt of the fashionable world.

To enjoy the following inestimable advantages in crinoline, viz: superior quality, perfect manufacture, stylish shape and finish, flexibility, durability, comfort and economy, enquire for J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, or double spring skirt, and be sure you get the genuine article.

CAUTION—To guard against imposition be particular to notice that skirts offered as "Duplex" have the red ink stamp, viz: J. W. Bradley's Duplex Elliptic Steel Springs upon the waist band—none others are genuine. Also notice that every hoop will admit a pin being passed through the centre, thus securing the two (or double) springs braided together therein, which is the secret of their flexibility and strength, and a combination not to be found in any other spring.

For sale in all stores where first class skirts are sold throughout the United States and elsewhere.

Manufactured by the sole owners of the patent.

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,
may1-3m] 97 Chambers and 79 & 81 Reade Sts., N. Y

DOBBINS'

ELECTRIC SOAP

SAVES TIME,
SAVES MONEY,
SAVES LABOR,
SAVES CLOTHES,
SAVES WOMEN,

AND ALL GROCERS SELL IT.

It is used by cutting into small shavings and dissolving in hot water, then soak the clothes five to ten minutes, and a little hand rubbing will make them as clean as hours of hard machine rubbing would do, with ordinary soap, and the most delicate fabric receive no injury. We can refer to thousands of families who are using it, and who could not be persuaded to do without

DOBBINS'
ELECTRIC
SOAP,

Sold by all LEADING GROCERS

THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

WHOLESALE OFFICE:

107 SOUTH FIFTH STREET,

Philadelphia.

Highest Price Paid for Prime Tallow.

☞For sale at LEWIS' Family Grocery.

Oct. 15, '65-6m.2p

GOVERNMENT PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE

PITKIN & CO.

5,000 new and second-hand TEAM-HARNESS.
10,000 BRIDLES and COLLARS.
3,000 SADDLES, all styles—$2,50 to $8.
200 Four Horse Government WAGONS.
2,000 WAGON COVERS, all sizes, new and worn.
5,000 BLANKETS and HORSE COVERS.

Also, a large stock of Reins, Lead Lines, Whips, Buggy and Ambulance Harness. Portable Forges, Chains, Swingletrees, Lead Bars, etc., etc.

Wheel team harness, little worn, all oak tanned leather and serviceable, cleaned and oiled $5 per horse or mule, including bridle. Lead do., $4. Wagon bridles. $1, collars, $1 to $4; extra hair lined artillery case do., $2,50 to 3

Double Reins, 1,75 to $2,25. Lead Lines, $1 Halters, 6 to $12 per dozen. Officers' new Saddles, $18; with plated bit Bridle, $21; good as new, $12, with bridle, $14; valise Saddles for boys, $6.

Wagon Covers, made to fit any Wagon, heavy linen, 3 to $6; superior cotton duck, 6 to $8. 12 oz. duck, 9 to $12

1,000 hospital tents, new and good as new, 12 oz. duck, 14 feet square, 30 to $40.

Officers' A tent, 7 feet square, from 5 to $8.

10,000 BAGS, from 12 oz. Duck, first quality, 2 bushel, $2; 2½ bus. $10; 3 bus., $11, per dozen; second quality, $7,50; $8,50 and $9,50.

☞ Small orders sent by Express, C. O. D.

PITKIN & CO.,
No. 337 & 339 Nth FRONT St., PHILAD'A, Pa.
No. 5, Park Place, NEW YORK.
No. 493, NINTH Street, WASHINGTON, D. C.
Price-list sent on application. mch13-2m

LUMBER SOLD ON COMMISSION.

S. E. HENRY & CO.,

Are receiving all kinds of LUMBER, comprising all the different grades of

BOARDS,
FRAME STUFF,
JOINT AND LAP SHINGLES,
PLASTERING LATH,
PLANK,
WORKED FLOORING,
WEATHER BOARDING,
FENCING,
RAILING, &c., &c., &

Which will be sold at prices at the mill, with freight added. no7

TO THE LADIES.

The best assortment of

ELLIPTIC SKIRTS,

Just received this day from New York and for sale at the cheap cash store of

W.M. MARCH & BRO.

A splendid assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

FANCY TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS

Just received this day from New York and for sale cheap at [may7] WM. MARCH & BRO.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

HILL STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

The attention of

MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS,

and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY &C.,

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware.

Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.

An excellent assortment of

Fine Cutlery,

Comprising

KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.

BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,

Of the latest and most improved patterns,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of

Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS

Can be supplied with

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES,

SLEDGES, HAMMERS,

HORSE AND MULE SHOES,

Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & steel

CARPENTERS

Will find in our establishment a superior stock of

PLANES,
SAWS,
AUGERS,
HATCHETS,
HAMMERS,
FILES,
CHISELS,
HINGES,
SCREWS,
LOCKS,
BOLTS,

The Globe.

Thoughts for the Farmer.

Plant Largely.

Our Western exchanges are very properly calling the attention of the farmers to the present great scarcity of breadstuffs and coarse grains throughout the country, and consequently to the importance of planting more than usual breadth of land in such crops. The advice should be heeded. There is now no surplus in any of the Western States, and the exorbitant rates at which wheat and other cereals are now selling will in all probability be kept up beyond the present season, if they are not increased, unless the farming community pay prompt attention to the matter. In most of the Western cities, flour is selling for $18,00 per barrel, wheat for $3 50 per bushel, and corn 75 to 80 cents per bushel, and the receipts are small even at these prices. The papers complain that the season is unusually backward and unpromising, and farmers may feel some discouragement on this account, as well as on account of the stringency of the money market and the high price of everything they have to buy; but there is a certain guarantee of remunerative prices for everything they can raise for a long time to come. Every farmer in this country should plant all he can positively cultivate during the present season and care for in harvest. The demands of our increasing population will fail to be met, and the material interests of the country will seriously suffer, unless this is done. Our advice to our farming friends is to plant largely.

THE CROPS.—From all parts of the country there come favorable reports of the crops, and since the grain has escaped the severity of the winter, uninjured, it is not premature to anticipate an abundant harvest. This is always a gratifying prospect, for the entire community is vitally affected by the aggregate yield of grain throughout the country. The only exceptions to this favorable prospect are in the overflowed regions of the Southern States especially Louisiana, where the cotton and sugar crops are ruined by water, so that it will be impossible in many places to grow anything more than a small crop of corn during the present season. Apart from this calamity, the yield of cotton and corn in the South will be larger this year than it has been any season since the beginning of the war. The South is sorely in need of good crops, if the ensuing harvest proves all that appearances now promise, a great part of the distress that exists in the Southern States will be relieved, and better provisions can be made for next winter. If the crops should fail, the condition of the South will be deplorable in the extreme, but there is no cause for any alarm at present..

IMPORTATION OF WHEAT.—Official advices have been received at the Treasury Department at Washington, which indicate rather a remarkable state of things regarding the grain trade between this country and England, viz:—The shipment of no less than 40,000 bushels of wheat from Liverpool to New York. The two steamers of the Inman line, which left Liverpool on the 6th inst., brought 8330 bushels. The City of Baltimore, which arrived at New York, on Wednesday, brought 10,000 bushels. The steamship Queen, of the National Navigation Line, which left Liverpool on the 10th, also took 22,291 bushels as a part of her cargo. These five steamers sailed within seven days. This state of things naturally attracts much attention.

Mr. Lyman B. Sanford writes to the New York farmer's Club that while in Canada lately, he paid an old English farmer ten dollars for a secret remedy for the disease in cows of abortion, which was simply to feed with the salt to each one about a teaspoonful of bone pounded or ground to a dust. As a result in a dairy of 32 cows he had lost none, while his neighbor's flocks were as badly afflicted as ever.—*New England Farmer.*

SLOBBERING IN HORSES.—A correspondent of The *Boston Cultivator* says that this is a disease in horses. Saltpeter, a tablespoonful for a dose, he has found to cure the worst case he ever had, and has not found it necessary ever to give a fourth dose. He gives a tablespoonful in the morning, and in three days, if the horse is not free from it, he repeats the dose.

QUANTITY OF FLAX SEED PER ACRE.—The North Western *Farmer* thinks one-half bushel per acre is enough flax seed to to be sown on an acre of well-prepared ground, as when sown thicker, the plants are weaker, branch but little, and the bolls are not well filled, while the seeds are smaller and lighter.

THE WILD GRASSES OF THE WEST.—A Kansas correspondent of The *N. Y. Tribune says that wild grasses* improve in quality as one goes West. As far West as Colorado the dead grass is nearly as good as oats. In Kansas, some good farmers think the native grass as valuable as timothy.

☞ Three hundred Scotch farmers are on their way to settle in Texas.

WAR BETWEEN FRANCE AND PRUSSIA.

THE EMPEROR NAPOLEON CALLS A MEETING OF THE COUNCIL.

200,000 Prussians in Arms!

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON

Have received

10,000 DOLLARS WORTH

OF

NEW & FASHIONABLE GOODS

From the eastern markets, which they can, with profit, sell at lower figures than can be sold at any other house in the county.

PRICES THE SAME AS BEFORE THE WAR.

A good Calico Dress for a Dollar & a Levy

THE BEST HEAVY MUSLINS

Lower than they can be bought outside of Philadelphia.

THEIR STOCK IS IMMENSE,

Consisting of everything that eye can fancy or heart wish.

Come and see their fine assortment of

CHOICE SYRUP,

LOWER than ever before also.

EVERY KIND OF SUGAR

At greatly reduced prices.

COME AND SEE OUR STOCK,

and do not pay high prices any longer.

Cunningham & Carmon.

Huntingdon, ap24

REDUCED PRICES.

HENRY & CO.

KEEP THE

LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS

CALL AND EXAMINE THEIR STOCK, AT MAMMOTH STORE,

☞ KEPT BY ANY HOUSE IN THE FIVE COUNTIES. ☜

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

PRICES REDUCED.

NOTICE.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Huntingdon county and vicinity that they have just returned from the East with a

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Which they have just opened out at their new store,

ONE DOOR EAST OF THE WASHINGTON HOTEL

Their stock consists of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES,
FLOUR AND FEED,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
CANNED FRUITS,
HARDWARE,
CEDAR-WARE,
QUEENSWARE,
OIL CLOTHS,
OILS,
PAINTS, &C.,
DRUGS,
CARPETS, CARPET CHAIN,
FISH, SALT, CHEESE,
TRUNKS,
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, &c. &c.

They have a large stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Consisting of SILKS, MOHAIRS, ALPACAS, POPLINS, LUSTRES, GINGHAMS, MERINOS, PLAIDS, DE LAINES, &c., &c., &c.

Also, a large assortment of

DRESS TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERY, HOSIERY, GLOVES, BUTTONS, &c.

A FULL LINE OF WHITE GOODS.

We will sell WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

All goods delivered to residences in town and depots, free of charge.

Give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON.

Huntingdon, April 3, 1867

IMPORTANT TO BUILDERS.

T. BURCHINELL & CO'S

NEW PLANING MILL,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

HAVING erected a First Class MILL We are now prepared to furnish all kinds of

BUILDING MATERIALS

Of DRY LUMBER, at moderate prices,

WHITE AND YELLOW PINE FLOORING,
WEATHER BOARDING,
DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES,
DOORS AND SASH,
ALL KINDS OF BLINDS AND SHUTTERS,
BRACKETS AND SCROLLS, sawed to order,
WOOD MOULDINGS of every description,
TURNING, NEWEL POSTS, BALUSTERS, &c.

Being situated on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad and Canal, it is convenient for shipping to any part of the State.

The senior partner being a practical Architect and Builder will furnish Plans, Specifications and Detail Drawings for all kinds of Buildings.

☞ Orders for work solicited and promptly filled.

Huntingdon, March 6-3m

WHAT WAS WANTED!

OPEN and READY FOR BUSINESS

H. GREENBERG,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Respectfully informs the public that he has opened a new store in Fisher & Son's New Building, in the Diamond in Huntingdon, where all kinds of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

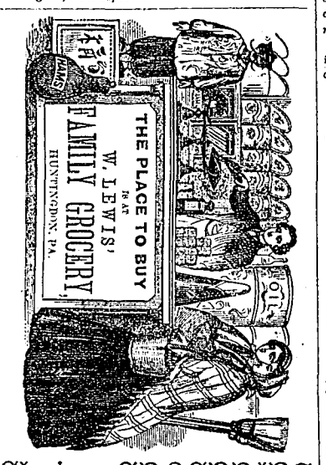
PIECE GOODS,

Hats, Umbrellas, Traveling Bags, etc.,

Can be found to suit all who may favor him with their patronage.

His Piece Goods are of the best quality and will be MADE UP TO ORDER in the most fashionable and best make and style. All goods can be bought at this establisment from 10 to 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other place. All desiring a good suit of clothing at a fair price should call and examine goods and prices. All goods leaving his establishment will be warranted to be what may be represented.

H. GREENBERG,
Huntingdon, Nov. 21, 1866. Merchant Tailor.



Choice GROCERIES

JUST RECEIVED.

Also,

Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Peas and Corn.

Also,

Spiced Lobster, Oysters, Chow chow, Worcestershire sauce, French Mustard, Horse Radish, Pepper sauce, Catsup, Olive Oil, &c., &c., and

All kinds of Syrups,

such as strawberry, pineapple, blackberry, &c

CALL AND SEE.

WEST HUNTINGDON FOUNDRY.

JAMES SIMPSON,

Iron Founder,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

Manufacturer of all kinds of work in his line, among which the

FARMER

Will find Threshing Machines, Plows, Sled soles, Kettle &c. The

BLACKSMITH

Will find Round Mandrils, hollow Anvils, block and roller Tire benders, Tire irons, sled and sleigh soles, Wagon boxes, &c. The

MILL-OWNER

Can have all kinds of Machinery. The

BUILDER

Can have door and window sills and Lintels, sash weights cellar window grates, all sizes, porch stands, armor for rain spouts, chimney caps, pavement castings, for coal and wood cellars, heaters for warming private dwellings and public buildings, doors and frames for bake ovens, iron railing for verandahs, porticoes, balconies, and fences of all kinds.

Particular attention paid to fencing grave lots. Everybody can have threshing machine, plow and stove repairs and all kinds of iron and brass castings.

de12-6m JAMES SIMPSON.

JUNIATA

STEAM PEARL MILL,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

IS NOW

IN COMPLETE RUNNING ORDER

FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF FLOUR.

The patronage of the town and country is respectfully solicited.

GRAIN, of every description,

Bought at this mill.

McCAMAN & SON.

Huntingdon, May 2, 1866

HUNTINGDON

MONUMENTS. HEADSTONES, ETC.

MARBLE YARD.

J. M. GREEN & F. O. BEAVER

Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

Plain and ornamental Marble Work

Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, at as low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on MIFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church mch6,1867

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and work manship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on the corner of Montgomery and Mifflin sts., Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1855.

LOVE'S Pure and Superior Rio Coffee *in packages of one pound, for sale at*

LEWIS Family Grocery.

A LARGE VARIETY of articles too numerous to mention, for sale at LEWIS Family Grocery. Call and see.

PURE SPICES at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

GROUND ALUM AND SALINA SALT at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

1867. 1867.

NEW METROPOLITAN

—ooo—

HARDWARE STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

JAS. A. BROWN

Now located in the splendid storeroom in his new

MAMMOTH BRICK BUILDING,

HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

Offers at WHOLESALE and RETAIL an immense stock and endless variety of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

Paints, Oils, Glass, &c

AT REDUCED PRICES.

ELEVEN YEARS diligent attention to business in the Hardware trade in this place, has given me an experience that enables me to secure great advantages for my customers in the selection of the *best standard brands* and *reliable qualities* of goods.

Buying for cash direct from the manufacturers, and being in almost daily receipt of goods, bought since the decline in prices, I can offer rare advantages to buyers.

My stock embraces a general assortment of

TOOLS AND MATERIALS FOR

Carpenters,
Blacksmiths,
Gunsmiths,
Shoemakers,
Saddlers,
Painters,
Coachmakers,
Cabinet Makers,
Machinists,
Foundrymen,
And all other kinds of Mechanics.

BUILDERS

Will find here a superior stock of

Nails and Spikes,

LOCKS, BOLTS, SCREWS, HINGES, FINISHING NAILS,

Glass and Putty, Oil and Paints.

Colors of all kinds, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

G'lass cut to any size.

CARPENTERS

Will find a well selected stock of

Disston's and Spear & Jackson's Saws,

Chisels and Planes,	Steel squares,
Augers, Auger Bits,	Gauges, Saw sets,
Braces, Hatchets,	Oil stones, Files.

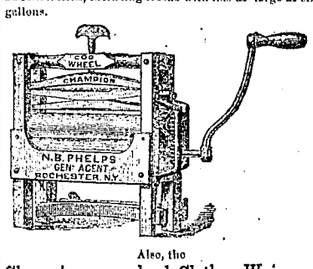
BORING MACHINES, with two cranks and three augers to each.

FOR HOUSEKEEPERS

I have a fine variety of enameled, Tinned and Plain HOLLOW-WARE,

Pans, Skillets,	Dust Pans, Scrub Brushes,
Waffle Irons, Brass Kettles,	Bath Bricks,
Iron Tea Kettles,	Knives and Forks,
Coal Buckets and shovels,	Tea and Table Spoons.

Brittannia and SILVER-PLATED WARE, Table Castors Brass Stair Rods, and a splendid stock of Harrisburg STONEWARE, including crocks with lids as large as six gallons.



Also, the

Champion cog wheel Clothes Wringer,

With a late improvement. This is now the very best and most desirable Wringer in the market. Having the agency for this place I can sell them strictly at the manufacturer's prices. All warranted.

BLACKSMITHS

Will be supplied with

Horse shoes, Horse nails,	Stocks and Dies,
Norway Nail Rods,	Rasps, Files,
Iron and Steel Anvils,	Buttresses,
Vices, Bellows,	and other tools in their line.

CARRIAGE & WAGON-MAKERS

Will find a supply of

Carriage Oil Cloth,	Carriage and Fire Bolts,
Trimmings, Seat sticks,	Drop black coach Varnish,
Felloes, Spokes and Hubs,	Dash and enameled Leather,
Shafts, Tongues,	Spoke Augers,
Sleigh Runners, Fenders,	and other materials.

FINE CUTLERY,

Comprising Table Knives and Forks of best American and English styles and qualities, Carvers' Butcher knives, Razors, Shears and Scissors, Pruning Knives, Pruning Shears, and the largest variety of styles of

POCKET KNIVES

To be found in central Pennsylvania, including Wostenholm's famous IXL cutlery.

SHOEMAKERS

As heretofore will find here the best assortment of Tools and Findings in their line of trade, consisting of

Hammers, Pincers,	Lasts, Pegs, Awls,
Measuring Sticks and straps	Eyelets, Shoe Thread,
Forepart and shank Irons,	Wax, Bristles,
Burnishers, Welt Knives,	Steel and Iron Shoe Nails,
Stitching Gauges, etc.,	Round head nails, etc.,

SADDLERS & HARNESS MAKERS

Are also provided for. Saddle Trees of the best Pittsburg make, Girthing, Straining, and Rein web, Stirrups, Hames, Pad Trees, and a full variety of Silver, Brass and Japanned Harness Mountings, &c., &c.

FARMERS

And others will see that my stock comprises many useful articles in their line, such as

Scythes, Rakes, Spades,	Pointing axes,
Shovels, Forks, Hoes,	Grindstones, Wove wire,
Garden Rakes, Horse hames,	DISSTON'S MILL SAWS,
Trace Chains, Halter chains,	Circular, Cross-cut, Wood
Curry combs, Horse brushes	and Meat Saws,
Wagon Jacks,	Pat Augers,
Shovel Moulds, Mann's axes	Trowels, &c.

Also, two or three kinds of the best

HORSE HAY FORKS.

Made in the United States and by which a load of hay can be taken from the wagon to the mow in about five minutes. These forks save labor, hay and money, and no thrifty farmer can afford to do without one. The

EXCELSIOR FORK

has been extensively used and gives great satisfaction.—I warrant all the forks I sell.

COAL OIL LAMPS & LANTERNS

COFFIN LACES and all Trimmings for Cabinet-makers

CHEAP WOODEN PUMPS.

The merit of these pumps is shown by the fact that the demand for them is rapidly increasing everywhere. There is no iron in them to corrode and injure the water. They are light and convenient, so that every *man can put in* his own pump, the whole only costing him about one half the price of other pumps. Pumps, and wooden pipe to suit them, promptly shipped by railroad on receipt of orders. Give depth from floor to bottom of well.

Terra Cotta DRAIN PIPE, Hot Air REGISTERS for Ceilings, COOK STOVES, of any pattern desired.

JAMES A. BROWN.

Don't forget the SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.

Huntingdon, April 10, 1867.

HEAD QUARTERS FOR

NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC THAT HE HAS JUST OPENED A SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS THAT CAN'T BE BEAT IN CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

COME AND SEE.

D. P. GWIN,

Huntingdon, ap. 16, '67.

1867. CLOTHING. 1867.

H. ROMAN.

NEW

CLOTHING

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,

opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

Huntingdon ap. 16, '67.

READ AND BE POSTED!

TO THE NEWLY MARRIED

AND ALL IN WANT OF

New Furniture, &c.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that he manufactures and keeps constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of

DINING AND BREAKFAST TABLES,
BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,
WASH AND CANDLE STANDS

Windsor and cane seat chairs, cupboards, gilt and rosewood moulding for mirror and picture frames, and a variety of articles not mentioned, at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory.

He is also agent for the well known Bailey & Decamp patent spring Bed Bottom.

The public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Work and sales room on Hill street, near Smith, one door west of Yentor's store.

JAMES HIGGINS.

Huntingdon, Aug. 1, 1866

UNITED STATES

Authorized WAR CLAIM AGENCY

HUNTINGDON, PA.

W. H. WOODS,

AUTHORIZED GOVERNM'T AGENT,

And Attorney for Soldiers and their Friends.

He will prosecute and collect, with unrivalled success, Soldiers' Claims and Dues of all kinds. Also, any other kind of Claim against the Government, before any of the Departments.

Glorious News!

$100 ADDITIONAL BOUNTY!!

NEW BOUNTY LAW PASSED!

Attention, Discharged Soldiers!

The Act of Congress approved July 28, 1866, gives $100 additional bounty to all soldiers who enlisted for three years and were discharged by reason of expiration of service, or who were discharged for wounds received in battle and who have not received more than $100 bounty for such service. An additional bounty of $100 is also allowed to the nearest relative of soldiers who enlisted for a term of three years and who died or were killed in the service, to be paid in the following order: First, to the widow; second, to the children; third, to the father, and fourth, to the mother.

Soldiers' Widows.

By applying to W. H. Woods, of Huntingdon, Huntingdon county, Pa., you can have your pensions increased two dollars a month for each and every child you have, and when the widow has married or died, the children are entitled to the increase.

To all who have brought home the bodies of their friends who died or were killed in the service of the United States, there is a certain amount of compensation allowed you for the expenses incurred in bringing home the bodies of your friends, which you can obtain by making application to me.

Invalid Soldiers, Attention!

The act of Congress, approved June 6, 1866, gives additional pensions to the following class of persons:

Soldiers who have lost both eyes or both hands, $25 per month; who have lost both feet $20 per month; who have lost one hand or one foot, or totally disabled in the same, $15 per month.

Persons who have been deprived of their pensions in consequence of being in the civil service of the United States Government, can be restored to the pension roll by applying to me.

Fathers and mothers who were in whole or in part dependent upon their sons for support are entitled to a pension. Also brothers and sisters under sixteen years of age

All discharged soldiers who did not receive transportation to their places of enlistment when discharged are entitled to receive it; and also all who were held as prisoners of war, and did not receive commutation of rations when released or discharged, are entitled to it.

Officers who were in the service on the 3d of March, 1865, and were discharged after the 9th of April, 1865, by applying to me can receive three months extra pay.

Soldiers of 1812!

All soldiers, or soldiers' widows, of the war of 1812, who have served two months, or been wounded or disabled in such service, if in necessitous circumstances, are entitled to an annuity of $40.

Local Bounty.

All veteran soldiers who gave their credit to districts in the State of Pennsylvania, and who received no local bounty, are entitled to receive three hundred dollars.

All persons having any of the above mentioned claims, or any other kind of claim against the United States or State Governments, will please address me, giving full particulars, enclosing a stamp for return postage, and they will receive a prompt reply.

W. H. WOODS,
Authorized Army and Navy War-Claim Agent.
aug15,1866 HUNTINGDON, PA.

PHOTOGRAPH

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE

PATENT APPLIED FOR.

Hitherto there has been nothing introduced in way of a Marriage Certificate that has excited any interest or attraction; but the originators of the PHOTOGRAPH MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE claim that they have gotten up something that will be most heartily welcomed by all persons now married and all those who contemplate marriage.

Size and Plan of the Marriage Certificate.

The size of the Certificate is 19 by 14 inches. It contains a beautiful figure representing the union of two hearts. Above the figure is written in beautifully ornamented German Text the words "Photograph Marriage Certificate." There are three spaces in the figure: on the space in the center the Certificate proper is written. The words, "two hearts in one" form an arch over the Certificate proper, and immediately under the arch there is a beautiful figure representing the joining of hands, and where the centre space comes to a point there is a picture of two beautiful turtle doves. On the space to the left there is a place for the photograph of the gentleman and under it we have the words, "To the Husband," in ornamental text, under which we have selections of Scripture passages addressed to the husband. On the left side of the engraving we have a place for the Photograph of the wife. Immediately under which we have the words, "To the Wife," in ornamental text, under which are appropriate passages of Scripture addressed to the wife. Over the space for the *photograph of gentleman we have* written in Old English characters, the following appropriate passage of Scripture: "It is not good that the man should be alone," and over the space for the photograph of the lady, we have the corresponding words: "I will make him an help meet for him." At the lower extension of the figure of the hearts, we have the hearts bound together or encircled in part by these words: "What therefore God hath joined together let no man put asunder." The Certificate is so constructed that card photographs of both bride and bridegroom can be inserted without the least possible difficulty. Indeed everything connected with it is so elegant, attractive and desirable that many single persons seeing the Certificate have been so much pleased with its appearance, that they purchased on sight one of these beautiful parlor ornaments.

A specimen copy of the Photograph Marriage Certificate will *be carefully put up and sent by mail free, on receipt* of the retail price, which is ONE DOLLAR.

☞ The exclusive agent for Huntingdon county is

W. H. MILLER,
Orbisonia, Huntingdon co., Pa.

Address the above, or call at W. LEWIS' BOOK STORE Huntingdon, Pa. mch13-3m

---

SPICES.

All kinds of Spices for sale at Lewis' Family Grocery Huntingdon, Pa.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

THE TRUE REMEDY AT LAST DISCOVERED.

Upham's Fresh Meat Cure,

Prepared from the formula of Prof. Trousseau, of Paris, cures Consumption, Lung Diseases, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Marasmus, General Debility, and all morbid conditions of the system dependent on deficiency of vital force. It is pleasant to taste, and a single bottle will convince the most skeptical of its virtue as the great healing remedy of the age. $1 a bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sent by express. Sold by

S. C. UPHAM, No. 25 South EIGHTH Street,
fe27-3m Philadelphia.

And all principal Druggists. Circulars sent free.

B. J. WILLIAMS & SONS.

No. 16 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia,

MANUFACTURERS OF

WINDOW BLINDS

AND

SHADES.

Blinds repaired; Shades Lettered; Trimmings and Fixtures; Plain Shades of all Kinds; Picture Tassels; Cords; Bell Pulls, etc. april 24,-2m.

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

NO DUST! NO GAS!! NO DAMPERS!!

ESTABLISHED 1851.

J. REYNOLDS & SON,

N. W. Corner 13th & Filbert streets,

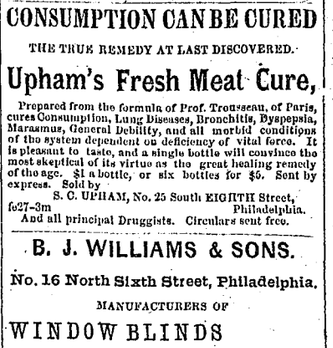
PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

Sole Manufacturers of the Celebrated

WROUGHT-IRON, AIR-TIGHT

GAS-CONSUMING HEATER,

WITH PATENT DUST-SCREEN.



For ease of management without any dampers, Durability, Simplicity, and Economy, this Heater has no superior in this country. They are all guaranteed to give satisfaction. Estimates made free of charge.

Cooking Ranges,
Latrobe Heaters,
Slate Mantles,
Low Down Grates,
Portable Heaters,
Registers,
Ventilators, &c, &c.

Send for one of our Illustrated Pamphlets. [ap10-1y

SILVER'S WASH POWDER!

SAVES TIME, LABOR, MONEY.

Makes Washing a Pastime and Monday a Festival.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. TRY IT!

Address all orders to the Manufacturers

ZIEGLER & SMITH,

Chemists and Wholesale Druggists,

mch20-1y No. 137 Nth. Third Street, Philad'a.

GOOD NEWS FOR MOTHERS.

Mothers, are you oppressed with anxiety for your little ones? Are your slumbers and hearts broken by their cries? Do you awake in the morning unrefreshed and apprehensive? If so, procure at once a bottle of Dr. Leon's *Infant Remedy* and you will have no more weary hours of watching and anxiety.

DR. LEON'S INFANT REMEDY,

Has stood the test of years. Thousands of nurses and mothers bear witness that it never fails to give relief if used in season. It is a mild, yet sure and speedy cure for Colic, Cramps and Windy Pains, and is invaluable for all complaints incident to Teething.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States. Address all orders to

ZIEGLER & SMITH,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
mh20-1y No. 137 Nth. Third Street, Philad'a.

---

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

NEW SPRING STYLES, "OUR OWN MAKE"

Embracing every new and desirable size, style and shape of plain and trail Hoop Skirts,—2, 2¼, 2½, 2¾, 3, 3¼, 3½, 3¾, and 4 yards, round every length and size Waist; in every respect first quality, and especially adapted to meet the wants of first class and most fashionable trade.

"OUR OWN MAKE" of Hoop Skirts, are lighter, more elastic, more durable and really cheaper than any other make of either Single or Double Spring Skirt in the American market. They are Warranted in every respect, and wherever introduced give universal satisfaction. They are now being extensively sold by retailers, and every lady should try them.

Ask for "Hopkin's Own Make," and see that each Skirt is stamped "W. T. HOPKINS, MANUFACTURER, 628 ARCH STREET, PHILADA." No others genuine.—A catalogue containing style, size, and retail prices, sent to any address. A uniform and liberal discount allowed to dealers. Orders by mail or otherwise, promptly and carefully filled. Wholesale and Retail, at Manufactory and Sales-rooms,

NO. 628 ARCH STREET, PHILAD'A.

☞ Skirts made to order, altered and repaired.

TERMS, NET CASH. ONE PRICE ONLY.

WM. T. HOPKINS.

mch13-10m

A Comfort, Blessing and Relief at SEELEY'S "Hard Rubber Truss" Establishment, 1347 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. This Truss cures the most difficult Ruptures, frees the cord from all pressure, never rusts, (the fine steel spring being coated with rubber,) breaks, limbers or becomes filthy, used in bathing fitted to form, no strapping, made any power required, cleanest, lightest, easiest and best. Sent by mail or express. Sold by all Druggists. Pamphlets free. mch13-3m

---

S. CAMPBELL & CO.,

Manufacturing CONFECTIONERS,

and *Wholesale Dealers in*

FOREIGN FRUITS, NUTS, &C.,

No. 303 Race street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Also manufacturers of all kinds of Molasses Candy and Cocoanut work. se16'66-1y

---

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

JOSEPH L. POULTON,

Strawberry Alley, near Third Street,

HARRISBURG,

Respectfully informs the public that he has opened for their use his new and elegantly fitted up Billiard Room. It contains

FOUR NEW TABLES OF SHARP'S MANUFACTURE,

superior to any now in the city,

This Billiard Room challenges comparison with any room in the State, west of Philadelphia.

No more Bald Heads!

No more Gray Locks!

DR. LEON'S

ELECTRIC HAIR RENEWER,

Is pronounced by all who have used it the very best preparation for the Hair. It is a positive cure for Baldness, eradicates Dandruff and Humors, stops the hair from falling out, and speedily restores Gray Locks to their original hue and luxuriance.

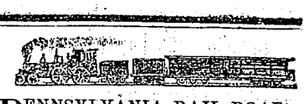
It operates on the secretions and fills the glands with new life and coloring matter. Thin, dead, faded or gray hair will always be brought back by a few applications, to its youthful abundance, vitality and color.

It makes the hair soft, glossy, fragrant, pleasant to the touch and easy to arrange. Dry, wiry and intractable locks become moist, pliant and disposed to remain in any desired position. As a Hair Dressing it has no equal.—The sales are enormous and it is a universal favorite with old and young of both sexes.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States. Address all orders to

ZEIGLER & SMITH,
SOLE PROPRIETORS.
mch20-1y 137 Nth. Third St., Philadelphia.

NEW GOODS CONSTANTLY RECEIVED at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.



PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD. MAIL.	WESTWARD. PHILADA. EXPRESS.	WESTWARD. EMIGRANT TRAIN.	WESTWARD. CINCINNATI EXPRESS.	STATIONS.	EASTWARD. DAY EXPRESS.	EASTWARD. PASSENGER.	EASTWARD. WAY PASSENGER.	EASTWARD. PHILADA. EXPRESS.
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
6 04	.....	12 13	.....	N. Hamilton,	.....	9 15	.....	.....
5 11	.....	12 23	.....	Mt. Union,	.....	9 06	.....	.....
5 20	.....	12 34	.....	Mapleton,	.....	8 57	.....	.....
5 29	.....	12 44	.....	Mill Creek,	.....	8 49	.....	.....
5 44	7 00	1 00	3 23	Huntingdon,	9 48	8 34	10 56	
6 03	.....	1 20	.....	Petersburg,	.....	8 16	.....	
6 13	.....	1 30	.....	Barree,	.....	8 03	.....	
6 20	.....	1 38	.....	SpruceCreek,	.....	8 01	.....	
6 34	.....	1 56	.....	Birmingham,	.....	7 47	.....	
6 43	7 47	2 10	4 05	Tyrone,	9 02	7 38	10 07	
6 54	.....	2 22	.....	Tipton,	.....	7 27	.....	
7 00	.....	2 28	.....	Fostoria,	.....	7 22	.....	
7 09	.....	2 34	.....	Bell's Mills,	.....	7 18	.....	
7 25	8 15	3 05	4 35	Altoona,	8 30	7 00	9 35	
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 3 25 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 4 41 A. M.

The CINCINNATI EXPRESS Eastward leaves Altoona at 4 10 P. M. and arrives at Huntingdon at 5 28 P. M.

The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 40 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 8 55 P. M.

Apl. 23, 1867.

READING RAIL ROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

APRIL 8, 1867.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, TAMAQUA, ASHLAND, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, EPHRATA, LITIZ, LANCASTER, COLUMBIA, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00, 8,10 and 9 35 A. M., and 2 10 and 9,00 P. M., connecting with similar trains on the Pennsylvania R.R, arriving at New York 5,00 and 10 10A, M., & 4.40, 5,20, 10 25 P. M. Sleeping cars accompany the 3 00 a m and 9 00 p. m. trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 10 A. M., and 2 10 and 4 10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4 10 p. m. train making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Minersville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna R.R., leave Harrisburg at 3 20 P. M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, 5 & 6 P. M.; Philadelphia at 8,15 A. M., and 3 30 P. M.; Way Passenger train leaves Philadelphia at 7 30 A. M. returning from Reading at 6 30 P. M., stops at all stations; Pottsville at 8.45 A. M. and 2 45 P. M.; Ashland 6 00 and 11,20 a m, and 1,05 P M; Tamaqua at 9.45 A M., and 1 and 8 55 P M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7,00 a m.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 7.30 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 5 00 P. M

Pottsville Accommodation Train: Leaves Pottstown at 6,20 a. m., returning leaves Philadelphia at 6,30 p. m.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7 00 A M., and 6 15 P. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays, leave New York at 8 00 P. M., Philadelphia, 8 a m and 3 15 P. M., the 8 a m train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8 A. M., Harrisburg, 9 35 a m, and Reading 1 20, 7 20 a. m., for Harrisburg, 11 22 a m for New York, and 4.25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, SCHOOL, and EXCURSION TICKETS to and from all points at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through: 80 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
Reading, April 8, 1867. *General Superintendent.*

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after MONDAY, MAY 6TH, 1867, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTHWARD TRAINS. MAIL. P. M.	SOUTHWARD TRAINS. EXPRESS P. M.	STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	NORTHWARD TRAINS. MAIL A. M.	NORTHWARD TRAINS. EXPRESS P. M.
LE 6 00	LE 7 45	Huntingdon,	AR 9 10	AR 4 45
6 17	8 05	McConnellstown,	8 49	4 24
6 25	8 17	Pleasant Grove,	8 41	4 16
6 39	8 33	Marklesburg,	8 33	4 00
6 54	8 49	Coffee Run,	8 18	3 45
7 02	8 57	Rough & Ready